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The Bombay Chronicle

The Leading Motor House of Asia: BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

VOL. II. NO. 284. BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1914. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
about 28th Nov.	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	Medina	12500
5th Dec.	Salsette	6000		
about 12th "	Persia	8000		
15th "	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
26th "	Caledonia	8000		
1915.				
2nd January	Salsette	6000	Malwa	11000
9th "	India	8000		
16th "	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
23rd "	Arabia	8000		
30th "	Salsette	6000	Maloja	12500

TENDERS leave BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

W. L. FIRTH,
Acting Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Jinsen Maru.	T. Terada.	8785	26th. Nov.	6th. Dec.
Wakasa Maru.	K. Itsuno.	6265	29th. Nov.	11th. Dec.
Colombo Maru.	O. Sakamote.	4709	13th. Dec.	25th. Dec.
Tenshima Maru.		6712	16th. Dec.	21st. Dec.
HakushikaMaru	Naguchi.	4543	30th. Dec.	11th.Jan.15

For Freight apply to—

W. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAI-SHA,
Fork Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.

WHOLESALE & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS

BOMBAY & POONA.

Import Drugs, Chemicals, Surgical instruments, Chemical apparatus, Patent medicines and Druggists' sundries of every description direct from the makers thus ensuring the best of material from first sources—

Orders are solicited from Railways, Municipalities, Native States, Schools, Dispensaries and Families.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

"SAILINGS 1914."

Steamer.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.
S. S. City of York	7,834	3rd Dec.

SPRING SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bombay about.
City of Paris	9,239	20th March	22nd March
City of Cairo		10th April	12th April
City of Karachi	5,578		30th April

FARES.	1stclas Singles	1st class Returns	2nd class Singles.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	489	889
Liverpool	605	957	462	784
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	--	999	--	737

Rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration without notice.

Concession granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000

Head Office.

26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisumu
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:

Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENCY DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs.1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 141.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE, BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSIT.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interests allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels. Tons. Sailing date. Time. Routes

LHASA, 2,134, 27th November. *Direct.

LINGA, 2,184, Mon. 30th Nov. 11 a.m., †P.B. D. and C. M.

DUMRA, 1695, Thurs. 3rd Dec., 9 a.m.

*On arrival of the English Mail steamer.

†Porebunder, Dwarka, and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND PURSIAN GULF.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 3rd December, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Henjam, Linga, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR SEYCHELLES AND EAST AFRICA.

S. S. "PALITANA," 2998 tons, about 28th November, calling at Seychelles Mombasa, and Zanzibar.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.

(Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier.

Bombay.

27th November, 1914.

F. CORNAGLIA.

BOMBAY & POONA.

Caters or large and small parties in his usual Recherche style.

Prices Moderate.

F. CORNAGLIA,

Manufacturing Confectioner and Caterer,

83, 85, Medows Street, and 7, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Arsenal Road, Poona.

Telegrams "Cornaglia". Telephone No 42.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... „ 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 19,250,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsien	Liaoyang	Pekin
Changchun		Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Dairen (Dalney)		London	San Francisco
Hankow		Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin		Fengtien	Tiehling
Hongkong		(Mukden)	Tientsin
Honolulu		Nagasaki	Tokyo
Kobe		Newchwang	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)		New York	Osaka

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Carry a box of Zymole Trokeys in your pocket. They are a good thing to have about you, oft'times preventing a little hoarseness from resulting in a hard cough.

180—B11

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF THE ANCHOR LINE.

Steamer.	Ton. nage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay about
S.S. Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	28th Nov 1914

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Massilia"	5,091	J. Thompson	1st Feb. 1915
S.S. "Olympia"	5,124	J. L. Henderson	15th Feb. 191
S.S. "Scindia"	5,106	Wm. Kelso	1st March 1915

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	412	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	...

All return tickets are available for 2 years

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £ 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh. K. T.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.

Bombay OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd

(SCOTLAND.)

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B. O. C. MOTOR OILS B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES. B. O. C. WAX.

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street

P. O. Box 2031 Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439.

Those of us who realise that the nation is best served by

CONFIDENCE

AND

A CHEERFUL SPIRIT

will undoubtedly rise to the occasion in spite of the depression of war, and will insist on carrying out a programme in entirety for

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR AS USUAL,

thereby setting an example to those lugubriously inclined, compelling them to join in the chorus of

NO!

to the question of

ARE WE DOWNHEARTED?

It is with pleasure that we publish the fact that as far as

BRITISH JEWELLERY

supplies are concerned there has been no suspension of imports (unlike those of the enemy), and it may be of interest for our readers to know that we are offering

BRITISH-MADE

Bracelets, Brooches, Nicklets, Pendants, Watch Chains and Ladies' Guards &c. IN GOLD

EXPANDING BRACELET WATCHES

we have some unique and beautiful designs which our long experience and our large purchases enable us to sell at lower prices, quality for quality, than those who do not understand this trade, but merely buy a few to help complete stock in imitation of the "Universal Provider" system.

Of our new goods we regret we have no

ILLUSTRATED LIST

at present. We therefore invite all who are seeking

WEDDING PRESENTS, CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR GIFTS OR SOUVENIRS.

to pay our establishment a visit when we are sure that the character and

DISTINCTIVENESS

of our Unrivalled Stock will be made apparent.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS &c.

BOMBAY & POONA.

ICO

When buying GHEE or BUTTER, you are not sure what you are paying for in this age of adulteration and frauds Those, however, who buy our

I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED Oil have the satisfaction of knowing that they get not only cent per cent value of their money but more.

I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL is not a substitute for Ghee or Butter but a substance par excellence suitable for cooking, frying, rendering, baking and salad dressing

I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL is now used by leading families, hotels, restaurants and cafes. It is highly spoken of by Surgeon and Mrs. Walness (Miraj); Mr. F G. H. Anderson, I. C. S. (Collector of Surat.) Dr. Patwardhan (Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur); Prof. Dhakmarwala (Vice Principal of Bombay Veterinary College) and Dr. Harold Mann.

THE INDIAN COTTON OIL Co. Ltd.,

HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.—APOLLO STREET.

BRANCHES—

Mumbadevi (Bombay) and Ahmedabad.

Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent. p. m. Savings Bank 4 per cent.

Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.

Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI.
Managing Director.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January, to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE.—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Re 1 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

Free I Free II Free III

Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Das's

HEALTH LITERATURE.

The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:—

THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY,
30/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.

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"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m., and 5 p.m.

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may be had on application to—

The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results, 80, Esplanade Road. 832

ACCOUNTANCY, AUDITING & COMMERCIAL TRAINING. Term: 3 months to 3 years. Fees: Rs. 15 to Rs. 300. Candidates for I. C. C. Examinations in Accountancy, Banking, etc., are enrolled at Reduced Fees. Apply COMMERCIAL CORPORATION, LTD., 53, Medows St., Fort, Bombay. 4535.

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

PIANOS:—MR. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connections with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse, is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2450

WANTED.

WANTED a COMPETENT ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. Apply with terms and testimonials to Box No. 1036 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4534

SMART CANOE SHAPED VICTORIA with fast Arab Horse available for hire on monthly moderate terms. Apply to Box No. 556, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3090.

WANTED INDIAN MANAGERS, COOKS, CLERKS, KHANSAMAS and KHIT-MAGARS for Refreshment Rooms and Dining Cars on Bengal-Nagpur Railway. Apply by letter only with copies of testimonials, to—

SUPERINTENDENT, CATERING,
Bengal-Nagpur Railway House,
3081 Kidderpore, Calcutta.

WANTED applications for posts of Subedar Rs. 100 and of Jamadar Rs. 60. Those having good English Education and medically fit need apply. Military pensioners having these qualifications will be preferred. Apply with testimonials mentioning Caste, age etc., to

COMMANDANT,
Bhavnagar Infantry,
Kathiawar.
4439

BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED.—WANTED a CHIEF CLERK for the Agent's office, Barsi Light Railway. None need apply who is not thoroughly conversant with the management and routine of the Correspondence Branch of a large Railway office, or who has not had experience in drafting, noting and precis writing. A good knowledge of English and good clear hand-writing indispensable. Minimum pay Rs. 100, maximum pay Rs. 150. Starting pay according to qualifications. Apply to—

THE AGENT,
B. L. Ry. Co., Kurduvadi, Deccan.
3087.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of CLERK OF WORKS, Kidderpore Docks, on a pay of Rs. 300 per month with free quarters. Applicants must be over 25 and under 35 years of age.

The work consists of supervising the carrying out of all repairs to and the maintenance of quarters, sheds, warehouses, jetties, roads, etc., at the Docks including the construction of all minor additions thereto, also supervising the conservancy staff.

Applicants must be able to level, set out and measure up works and prepare estimates and contract certificates.

Applications, stating age, qualifications and experience addressed to THE CHIEF ENGINEER, Port Commissioners, should be submitted before noon on the 9th of December, 1914.

17th November, 1914. 3041

WANTED for the BARWANI STATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. 4th Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Rs. 35 per mensem, rising by Rs. 10 after every five years service and after examination Provident Fund contribution of Rs. 7 per mensem. Joining expenses and free quarters.

(2) Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Rs. 45 per mensem, rising by Rs. 10 after every five years service and examination. Free quarters and joining expenses. Provident Fund contribution of Rs. 7 per mensem.

(3) Female compounder Rs. 20 per mensem. Free quarters and joining expenses.

Application with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, should be sent to—

THE AGENCY SURGEON,
in the Southern States
of Central India, Manpur (Via Mhow).
3049

WANTED immediately 300 WATERPROOF Canvas Kit bags for Sepoys.—Apply QUARTERMASTER, 46th Punjabis, Nowshera, N. W. F. P. 3053

WANTED—A Bandmaster, must have had good experience in the regular service.—Apply BAND PRESIDENT, 4th D. C. L. I., Bareilly. 3083.

WANTED for the Zenana Hospital Bikaner—A fully qualified Female Sub-Assistant Surgeon. Pay Rs. 75 p.m., and free quarters—Apply ZENANA MEDICAL OFFICER, Bikaner. 3052

WANTED—SUB-INSPECTORS for State Police pay Rs. 40 to 80 according to qualifications, trained hands should apply to GENERAL SUPDT. POLICE, Kotah. 3042

WANTED. By the Diocesan Boys' High School, Rangoon, a resident master with a good knowledge of Latin, Mathematics and English. Salary Rs. 150-10-200. Free quarters in return for supervision. Apply to PRINCIPAL. 3085.

WANTED—An M. A. in Philosophy for the Chair of Philosophy and Logic in the Jaswant College, Jodhpur. Pay Rs. 175 p.m., rising to Rs. 200 in two instalments. Apply with testimonials to—THE PRINCIPAL, Jaswant College, Jodhpur. 3084.

WANTED thoroughly up-to-date offices in business quarters of Bombay; stone floors and modern sanitary arrangements esssential. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 1037, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4541.

WANTED by gentleman, separate airy, room and bathroom or bathroom convenience and board, in Roman Catholic family decent locality, convenient for tram or rail for Rs. 40 to 50. Apply to Box No. 1038, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4544.

REQUIRED a certificated SECOND MARINE ENGINEER European or Native, salary Rs. 235 per month, for the Perim Coal Coy. Limited, Perim Island. Apply personally to Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & COY. Home Street, Fort, Bombay. 4524

WANTED.—One Female Assistant Surgeon for Bannu, N. W. F. P. Municipality. Pay Rs. 200 a month, with good prospects. Apply with copies of certificates to—

SECRETARY,
Municipal Committee,
3050 Bannu.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen INSURANCE CANVASSERS. Commission 40 per cent. Fixed allowance on good business; also for sale of scientific medicines, commission 20 per cent. MANAGER NORTHERN CIRCARS LIFE OFFICE, Opposite Medical Hostel, Bombay. 4473

WANTED.—A fully trained European Nurse is required for the Imambarah Hospital, Chinsurah, E. I. Railway.

Salary Rs. 130—5—140 with furnished quarters, etc., and two months leave in the year.

Apply to—

H. B. FOSTER, Major I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Imambarah Hospital.
3051

WANTED.—A TONGA Inspector for R. & K. Railway Tonga, Establishment at Kathgodam, to join on 15th December 1914, on three months' probation. Must be energetic and possessing a thorough knowledge of horses and their treatment.

Pay Rs. 150 to Rs. 200, with house free.

Applications will be received till 1st December 1914. 3054

WANTED for the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Metre Gauge System, Ajmer, one SENIOR CLERK with thorough knowledge of Railway accounts on Rs. 100 per mensem, also one HEAD TYPIST and SHORTHAND CLERK on Rs. 50 to 60 per mensem.

Apply by 15th December, 1914, with copies of testimonials to the Undersigned, stating age and nationality.

Preference in the senior vacancy will be given to those having passed the P. W. D. Subordinate accounts examination.

H. H. DEANE,
Engineer-in-Chief.
Ajmer. 3082.

BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED.—WANTED a STOREKEEPER for the Barsi Light Railway. None need apply who is not thoroughly conversant with the duties of a Railway Storekeeper. Applicants should state their age and qualifications, and forward COPIES of their testimonials which will NOT be returned. They must also be prepared to deposit Rs. 1,000 (one thousand only) or a Policy of Guarantee for Rs. 1,000 as security for their fidelity. Minimum pay Rs. 100, maximum pay Rs. 200. Starting pay according to qualifications. Apply to

THE AGENT,
B. L. Ry. Co., Kurduvadi, Deccan.
3086.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A newly arrived complete LIFT, Easton Lift and Co. (Jost Co.) at moderate price. Apply for particulars, EBRAHIM HAJI LATIF, Cutlery Bazar. 4322

FOR SALE an ENGLISH VIS-a-VIS. Coupe wheels; all newly done up; good as new; light and elegant. Apply to Mr. PRESS, COACH FACTORY oppo. Kandavadi, Girgaum Road. 2620

TO BE LET

TO BE LET.—2ND FLOOR, house No. 144, Princes Dock, large airy and comfortable for Europeans. Apply DINSHAW MERWAN on premises. 4476

HIGH CLASS Boarding House for Visitors, terms moderate. Apply Mrs. OWEN EVANS, 10, Staunton Road, Poona. 3049

TO LET.—FIRST FLOOR Gowalia Tank on the Hill. Open all sides. Any caste. Rent Rs. 100. Apply with—D. L. BATLEEBOYE. 4472

TO LET—BIG AIRY FLATS and BIG SHOP in "Saraswati Mahal" on the Carnac Road. Rents moderate. Apply to Messrs. DHARKER BROTHERS, "Saraswati Mahal" No. 2 Bombay. 4478

TO LET—Two pleasant unfurnished rooms facing the open sea at a Villa in Bandra. Suit a bachelor (European). Rent moderate. With or without board. Apply Box No. 553, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3094

AVAILABLE TWO AIRY ROOMS, with bathrooms, private entrance. With or without board. Healthy locality in Byculla—tram and train convenient. Apply to Box No. 555 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3039

NOTICES.

NOTIFICATION BY THE CONTROLLER OF STATE ACCOUNTS, BHAVNAGAR.

NO 43 of 1914-1915.

UNDER the orders of HIS HIGHNESS the MAHARAJA of BHAVNAGAR (conveyed in Resolution No. 26 of Samvat 1971), and in pursuance of Section 5 of the Bhavnagar State Bonds Act of Samvat 1960, the Controller of State Accounts hereby gives notice that the Bhavnagar State Bonds for Rs. 15 lakhs, which were issued in Samvat 1961, are liable to be discharged on 1st February 1915, and that it has been resolved, for purposes of State, to extend the term of the said Bonds, at the option of the holders thereof, for a further period of 15 years of the aforesaid date.

2. Such of the present holders of the Bonds who do not desire to take advantage of the proposed extension of term, are hereby required to send their Bonds to the undersigned on or before the 31st December 1914, with an application in writing,* stating that they wish to have their Bonds discharged on the fixed date, viz., 1st February, 1915. A receipt will be given to such holders. On the 1st day of February, 1915, the full amount of the Bonds together with any interest that may have accrued will be paid to such holders on production of the said receipt duly discharged and also on their signing a discharge at the foot of their Bonds.

3. Such of the present holders, who desire to take advantage of the proposed extension of term, are hereby required to submit their Bonds to the undersigned on or before the 31st December 1914, with an application in writing,* stating that they wish to have the term of their Bonds extended for a further period of 15 years from 1st February 1915. A receipt will be given to them and renewed Bonds will be issued to them on 1st February 1915, or as soon as possible after 1st February 1915, on production of the said receipt duly discharged and on receipting their expired Bonds as provided in Section 13 of the Bhavnagar State Bonds Act. Any interest which may have accrued on the expired Bonds will also be paid to them on the aforesaid date. The issue of renewed Bonds to these holders will be at par.

4. Bonds renewed under paragraph 3 will bear interest at 5 per cent. per annum, payable every year on the 1st day of February.

5. The renewed Bonds will be, of the value of 100 Rs., 500 Rs., or any multiple of 500 Rs., as the holder may desire.

6. The renewed Bonds will run for a period of 15 years from the 1st day of February, 1915, that is to say, they will be discharged on the 1st day of February 1930, when all further interest will cease.

A. P. PATTANI,
Controller of State Accounts,
Bhavnagar.

Bhavnagar, 21st November 1914.

*Printed forms of application can be obtained from the Controller of State Accounts' Office. 4537

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

PIECE WORK TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Undersigned upto 2 p.m., on FRIDAY, the 4th December, 1914, for constructing a new High-school at Nasik. The Contract documents can be seen during office hours between 11 a.m., and 5 p.m., in the Office of the Undersigned. Any information regarding the Contract and Forms of Tender may be obtained from the office of the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

Approximate amount of estimate is Rs. 1,80,000 out of which, work to the value of Rs. 20,000 has been completed and materials valued at Rs. 43,000 have been purchased by Government. The amount to be spent during the current official year is Rs. 20,000.

All these materials purchased for the work and in hand are to be taken over by Contractor at the rates paid for them by Government.

The acceptance of the Tender will rest with the Superintending Engineer, C. Division, who reserves the right of rejecting the lowest or any Tender, without assigning any reason.

J. J. HARKER.
Sub-Divisional Officer,
P. W. D., Headquarter, Nasik.
Nasik, 23rd November, 1914. 3080

"THE COMING OF CHRIST.

HIS PURPOSE AND MANNER OF COMING.

SOME SAY: "Christ comes at death."
SOME SAY: "Christ will never come again."
SOME SAY: "His coming is spiritual and invisible."
SOME SAY: "Christ will personally and visibly come the second time"

THE BIBLE SAYS:—
This blank will be filled in by the

NEW HALL SERMON,
SUNDAY, Nov. 29, at 6-33 p.m.
You are cordially invited to THE NEW HALL,
Apollo Bunder, opposite Watson's Annexe.

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SHA KASTURCHAND RANCHHODJEE late of Dehlad a village in Olpad Taluka Zilla Surat Jain Marwadi Hindu Inhabitant a Shroff. .....Deceased.

BAI GUNGABAI widow of the above-named deceased SHA KASTURCHAND RANCHHODJEE of Dehlad a village in Olpad Taluka Zilla, Surat, Jain Marwadi Hindu Inhabitant now residing at Parel Road, Bhendi Bazar, without the Fort of Bombay. .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this seventeenth day of November, in the year of our Lord. One thousand nine hundred and fourteen and in the fifth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
The 17th day of November, 1914.

Messrs. ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
4549 Petitioner's Attorneys.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of the concerned—

5 cases containing a set of 6 Kitson lamps with 4 single and one double lamp cylinder, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyred glass fronted miniature office brougham.

1 grey Arab horse, aged, quiet in harness.

1 Brazilian parrot with brass cage.

On SUNDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Ghod Bunder Road, next to Turner Road, Bandra (near the pond), very valuable and handsome made-to-order furniture by Roberts and others rich glass and crockeryware best platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, handsome side board, drawing room leather lined Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, fancy pictures lamps, cabinets vases figures, single and double bedsteads, almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, one jost fan, dressing and washhand tables chest of drawers, teapoys, carved furniture, valuable garden pots and tubs, copper and aluminium utensils, etc., etc., the property of S. Powell, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

On TUESDAY, the 1st December, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction, at Nancy Kheraj's Stable, Wadi Bunder, Mazagon by order of the owner—

4 victorias and 8 horses and sets of harnesses.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD COINS AND ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from the administratrix of the late Dr. Sir Cabanis DeMello of Poona, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, on FRIDAY, the 2nd proximo, sell by Public Auction, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms.

A large and valuble collection of gold and silver Persian Italian Australian, French, German, English Japanese, Cabul, Egypt, Portuguese, Hungarian and old East India Co., old coins, and one gold ring with three stones, one tie pin with 8 black pearls, one diamond ring, one guilt purse etc., etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On THURSDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Wellington Mews, Wodehouse Road, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs large sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing room suite, drwing room cabinates, single and double glass door almyrahs, old bronze figures and ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, dressing chest of drawers, teapoys, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, old blackwood carved furniture, electric table fan, old copper and brass ornaments, Singer foot-sewing machine, Singapore cane chairs, single iron bedsteads, lamps, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of Dr. C. H. G. Weatherall, Veterinary Surgeon who is now employed on infantry duty and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay. 27th November, 1914.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR
THE EVENT OF THE SEASON
NEXT SATURDAY, 28th.
MAURICE E. BANDMAN
PRESENTS
PHILIP BRAHAM & CAMPBELL'S COMPANY,
THE
"GROTESQUES"
INCLUDING
Mr. Fred. Winn.
(From the Palace Theatre, London)
LILIAN GWYNNE IRENE GREVILLE ARTHUR ARGENT
PHŒBE HODSON HUGH BAYLY EWART SCOTT
IN ALBERT SIMNER
Music, Mirth, and Melody
AND THEIR FAMOUS BURLESQUE
"The Village Concert"
PLAN AT ROSE & Co.,
Prices:—Boxes Rs. 30 and 20. Sofas Rs. 15. Stalls Rs. 5 and 3. Dress Circle Rs. 4 and 2. Gallery Re. 1.
Soldiers and Sailors Half price to Rs. 2 and 1 seats.
Doors open at 8-30 p. m. Commencing at 9-30 p. m. SHARP.

THE
PALLADIUM
(LATE LA SCALA) KALBADEVI ROAD,
WILL OPEN SHORTLY
AS A
PICTURE AND VARIETY PALACE.
Watch for Opening Night.
NEW PICTURES. NEW ARTISTES.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.
Charni Road. TO-NIGHT! Tel. No. 1271
EXCLUSIVE BOOKING AT GREAT EXPENSE
OF THE
GREAT AMERICAN DETECTIVE DRAMA
A VICTIM OF THE CAMORRA
THE ADVENTURES OF LIEUT. PETROSINO.
IN THREE PARTS—4000 FEET.
A Detective Drama of Absorbing Interest based on Actual Occurrences showing the Thrilling Adventures of the Greatest 'Tec of the Age.
OUR ANIMATED WAR NEWS
LATEST PICTURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE FIELD.
WEDDING OF THE RAJA OF THAKORA. Beautifully Coloured.
WHEN WOMEN ARE POLICE. A Ripping Comic.
3 Shows Nightly:—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, & 10 to 11-15.
SATURDAYS & SUNDAYS { PRIZE SHOW—5-30 to 6-45 / EXTRA „ —11-15 to 12-30.

EXCELSIOR
General .....Mr. th
t 6-30 and 10 p. m.
EXCELSIOR WAR FILMS
We are showing every week films taken at great risk by intrepid operators.
PATHE'S WAR GAZETTE
In which is shown for the first time on the screen
THE BRITISH ARMY ENTRENCHING!
And actually in the FIRING LINE!
GERM-HUNS AWAITING ATTACK.
The only film taken of the Huns in action,
CHERRY KEARTON'S CAMERA.
Riddled with Bullets; yet by a miracle a film of the brave
KING OF THE BELGIANS
With his troops is intact, and is being shown this week. Demonstrating that German Bullets cannot even destroy the Royal Hero in Cinematography!
1ST IFE GUARDS IN BELGIUM
Our King-Emperor's Body Guard in Battle Order.
WONDERS OF WIRELESS.
Britain's great supremacy in this science showing wireless in Warfare.
ADVANCE AUSTRALIA!
The great Australian Contingent leave amids tremendous enthusiasm for Europe.
"IT'S A LONG, LONG WAY TO GET TO BERLIN, BUT THEY'LL GET RIGHT THERE!"
No advance in Prices.
Boxes Rs. 10, Sofas 7. Stalls 2. Dress Circle Rs. 2 & 1.
Pit Stalls Ans 8. Gallery Ans 4.

GRAND MUSICAL CONCERT.
(BY SOME OF THE BEST PARSI MUSICAL ARTISTES)
Under the distinguished Patronage of their Excellencies
The GOVERNOR and LADY WILLINGDON
IN AID OF
THE OMEN'S BRANCH OF THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WAR AND RELIEF FUND.
AT THE
EMPIRE THEATRE
On Saturday the 28th instant
at 5 p.m., (S. T.)
DOORS OPEN AT 4-0 P.M.
The programme will comprise piano solos, piano duet, violin solos, songs, unison chorus, mandoline concert, &c: An unique feature of the Concert will be an orchestra composed of about 30 Parsi ladies and gentlemen who will play selections of music.
PRICES OF TICKETS: Rs. 5, 4, 3, 1½, 1
Tickets can be bought of
The Office of the Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, 4 Waterloo Mansions, Apollo.
Messrs. Marcks & Co., Hornby Road.
„ Soundy & Co., Hornby Road.
B. Pestonji & Co., Parsi Bazar St., Fort.
„ Fredoon & Burjor, Princess St.
Miss Baiai L. Palamkote, Petit Mansions, Grant Road

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

MONEY MARKET

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

London, Nov. 25th.

Bar Silver Spot	23 plus 3/16
Closing Tone of silver:—Government Buying Coinage.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate	5 % since 8th August 1914.
Discount Bank Bills 3 mths sight	2 13/16—3/16
„ Indian Bank Bills 6 mths sight	3⅜ngd
„ Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4½unchged
„ „ „ „ 6 „	5½unchged
Interest day to day loans ..	1½unchged
„ 7 day market loans ..	1½unchged

COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Wednesday, Nov. 25th.

Rs.		Rs.
1,25,000	were allotted to Calcutta.	1,25,000
	Tenders on Calcutta and Bombay at 1-3 15-16 (Min. Rate)	
Rs. 1,20,000	were allotted to Calcutta.	1,20,000
	Tenders on Calcutta and Bombay at 1-3 31-32 (Min Rate)	
	Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale .. Rs.	1,25,000

AMERICAN MARKET.

New York, Nov. 24th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ..	76,000
„ Exports to Great Britain	59,000
„ „ to Continent ..	
Futures at New York January ..	7.40—7
„ „ March ..	7.52—7
Spot Cotton at New York unchgd. ..	7.75
„ „ Orleans „ ..	7¼
Futures at New Orleans December	7.22—5
„ „ May ..	7.62—7
Demand Bills	4/89·65
Silver Commercial Bars	49

New York, Nov. 25th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	67,000
„ Exports to Great Britain	12,000
„ „ to Continent ..	
Futures at New York January..	7.49 plus 9
Futures at New York March ..	7.59 plus 7
Spot Cotton at New York	7.75
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	7 1/4
Futures at New Orleans march	7.51 plus 11
Futures at New Orleans May	7.67
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	4.88.65
Demand Bills	50

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Nov. 25.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool . ..	Bales. 8,000
„ „ Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	800
„ „ Imports	130
Mid. American	4.43—4
Egyptian F. G. F. Spot ..	7.05 unchgd.
New York Official noon call	
January new	7.42
March old	7.36
New Orleans 10 a.m.	
May new	7.60

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool Nov. 25.

Months.	To-day's price.
May-June.	4. 14—2
June-July.	Nominal
July-Aug.	4.20—2
Aug.-Sept.	Nominal
Sept.-Oct.	Do.
Oct.-Nov.	4.30—2
Nov.-Dec.	Nominal
Dec.-Jan.	Do.
Jan.-Feb.	4.36—2

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 26.

Opening Tone	Quite.
Estimated Sales	8,000
Total Imports	12,250

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Month.	Previous closing price.	To-day'sprice.
M.J.	4.14	4.16
J.J.	Nominal.	Nominal.
J. A.	4.20	4.23.
A.S.	Nominal.	Nominal.
S. O.	Nominal.	Nominal.
O. N.	4.30	4.32
N. D.	Nominal.	Nominal.
D. J.	Nominal.	Nominal.
J. F.	4.36	4.38

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Nov. 25th.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F.	49/9—6d

RUBBER.

Para Rubber	2/8¼

WHEAT.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

London, Nov. 25th.

Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs.	46
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Feb.-Tarch.	paid 46
South Australian	48/6

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs-ex Ship unchgd.	48

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) unchgd	44½

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton)	6-8-0+6d
Ports	Hull

METALS.

Standard Copper G. M. B.	£ 55½—¼
Copper Braziers unchgd	£ 72
Yellow Metal unchgd	7
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G. O. B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool unchanged	11-10-0

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal unchanged 20

SUGAR.

Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta and Bombay unchgd	26
Months of Shipments	Hull
Java Sugar afloat	22 6

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ..	37/6
„ „ Mutton „ ..	38/3

BOMBAY MARKE

Bombay, 26th November.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Rs.	From	Importer.
2 cases sovs,	52,500	Jeddah	B. & P. S. N. Co.
5 packages sovs	67,500	„	„
6 bundles rupees	12,000	Bushire	M. Mackenzie
1 „ „	1,300	Muscat	„
1 „ gold coins	1,800	Bushire	D.Sassoon &Co
2 „ rupees	5,000	Linga	M. Hemraj
1 box gold, 3,300 sovereigns, 855 gold coins, 1,132 and rupees 245		Alexandria	J. H. E. Obadiha.

MONEY

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 27 lakhs up and the Bank rate is unchanged at 6 per cent.

The Bank of Bombay rate is also unchanged at 6 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

There is a small business doing and rates are unchanged.

Quotations:—

	s.	d.
BANKS SELLING—		
T. T. ready	1	3 13/16
D. D. mail	1	3⅞
T T. forward. 15th Dec. ..	1	3 27/32
BANKS BUYING—		
Private D D. ready	1	4 1/16
Credits 3 m-s ready	1	4⅛
60 d/s Japan Nov.		146¾

BULLION.

Spot bar silver in London was 3/16 higher at 23. Reuter reports that Government is buying for coinage. The local market is quiet but steady and sales of ready bars have been made at 70-13.

We quote:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold....	25	11	6
Ready Bar silver (cum duty) ..	70	13	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by rail on 23rd Nov. 1914.

	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P Railway.....	49	54 061
B. B & C. I. Railway....	53	62,948

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Paper Market stood steady to-day and transactions were recorded in the vicinity of Rs. 91½.

SHARES.

There was a better demand for the shares of several joint stock companies and as a result there was noticed a gradual but steady advance in their quotations.

Bank of India shares changed hands at Rs. 51-8.

Tata Hydro Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 1,040 in the morning, but later on they were placed at Rs. 1,050. Tata Hydro Preference were in demand at Rs. 1,055.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares stood unchanged at Rs. 85 and Deferred at Rs. 146.

Bombay Electric Tram Ordinary shares improved to Rs. 201.

Amritsar Patti Ry. shares changed hands at Rs. 141.

In Mill shares Central India Mill shares were placed at Rs. 1,680 x.d., Phoenix at Rs. 141½, David at Rs. 437½ and Crescent at Rs. 814.

Central Provinces Ry. shares were quoted at Rs. 109.

Gujrat Ry. shares changed hands at Rs. 95.

In Press shares Indian Cottons were in demand at Rs. 115 and New Mofussils at Rs. 800 (Cum. Div.).

COTTON.

There was no material change in Liverpool though the tone at the close was slightly easier.

The local market opened almost unchanged with good Broach at Rs. 173 and fine Khamgaon Akola Rs. 146. There was little enquiry during the early part of the day, and good Broach fell to Rs. 171½. At Colaba the market continued quiet with only a small business passing and closing rates show a further slight decline.

Ready cotton continues quiet with only a small business passing.

Quotations:—

Good Broach	Rs. 170½ Mar.
Fine Hinganghat Wurdha	Rs. 163 Jan.
Fine Nagpur	Rs. 159 „
Fine Yeotmal	Rs. 154 „
Fine Dhamangaon Pulgaon	Rs. 151 „
Fine Amraoti	Rs. 146 „
Fine Khamgaon Akola	Rs. 144 „
Fine Khandeish	Rs. 132 „
F. G. Khandeish	Rs. 122 „
Fine Bengal	Rs. 121 „
Fine Bengal	Rs. 123 Dec.
F. G. Bengal	Rs. 116 Jan.

The following are the receipts of various growths of cotton into Bombay up to 6 p.m. yesterday:—

	Bales.
Khandeish	73
Central India	61
Barsi Nagar	147
Berar	49
Central Provinces	67
Dhollera	...
Broach	...
Compta and Dharwar	...
Westerns	...
N. W. Provinces	1,638
Rajputana	...
Sind	...
Total ...	2,035

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat:—Tone steady.

We quote:—

Ready White Karachi	Rs. 7-5-0 R T
White Pissi April May	Rs. 6-4-0 R.T.
Linseed:—Tone steady.	
We quote:—	
Ready	Rs. 6-15-0 B.T.
Rapeseed:—Tone steady.	
We quote:—	
Ready Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 6-12-0 B.T.
Ready Yellow Gujarat	Rs. 8-8-0 B.T.
Poppyseed:—Tone quiet.	
We quote:—	
Ready	Rs. 7-12-0 B.T.
Castorseed:—Tone steady.	
Ready	Rs. 6-0-0 R.T.
Tilseed:—Tone quiet.	
We quote:—	
Bold White 35 per cent. D. J.	Rs. 39-0-0
Mimbara Ready	Rs. 41-0-0
Cottonseed:—Tone quiet	
We quote:—	
Ready	Rs. 2-15-0 B.T.
Mowraseed:—Tone steady.	
We quote:—	
Ready	Rs. 4-1-0 B.T.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal food grains into Bombay for the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday.

Cotton	2,035 Bales.
Wheat	20,596 Cwts.
Linseed	338 „
Rape, Rai etc.	Nil „
Gingellyseed	1,461 „
Poppyseed.....	Nil. „
Groundnuts.....	2,045 „
Castorseed	12 „
Rice	1,360 „
Myrabolams.....	1,219 „
Cottonseed	213 „
Mowraseed	2 „
Gram	1,750 „
Jowar.....	4,069 „
Maize	10 „
Barley	400 „

Office care and worries are quickly relieved by a dose of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. It soothes and quiets the nerves and clears the brain. 180—B15.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

NEW MOFUSSIL CO.

The twenty-fourth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above company was held on Wednesday afternoon, at the registered office of the company, 27, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, Mr. Nowrosji Jehangir Gamadia, chairman of the board of directors, presiding.

The following is the directors' report:—The directors have now to lay before the shareholders their report and the balance sheet and the profit and loss account for the year ending 30th June, 1914. The cotton crop during the season has been a very good one and the total number of bales pressed in your factories was 146,661 against 120,733 the year before. Your directors have purchased an oil mill at Broach in the Gujarat district. The profits of the year including Rs. 547-1-4 brought forward from last year amount to Rs. 4,70,418-12-4 from which your directors have set aside to:—Reserve fund account, Rs. 75,000; depreciation account, Rs. 75,000; doubtful and bad debts account, Rs. 13,309-4-6. From the sum remaining Rs. 3,07,109-7-10 your directors recommend a dividend of Rs. 50 per share, equal to 12½ per cent, which will absorb Rs. 1,56,250, and, in view of the difficulties created by the war, the balance of Rs. 1,50,859-7-10 will be carried forward to next year's account. The Hon. Sir C. H. Armstrong retired from the Board on 21st May, 1914, and owing to his leaving India Mr. H. R. Greaves was appointed in his place. Your directors very much regret to have to report the death of the accountant, Mr. Sunderao Y. Palekar, as well as the death of the Broach factory engineer, Mr. Dinshah D. Khambatta, the former having served the company faithfully for 24 years and the latter for 15 years, and your directors strongly recommend to your favourable consideration the applications laid on the table made by the deceaseds' relatives. One of the auditors, Mr. Furdunji A. Cursetji Furdunji, having resigned owing to ill-health, Messrs. K. S. Aiyar and Co. were appointed in his place, which appointment you will now have to approve.

CHAIRMANS SPEECH.

In proposing the adoption of the report, the chairman said:—

Gentlemen,—In a year of plenty with good result there is not much information or explanation which a chairman has to give to the shareholders. There is, however, one interesting matter which I would like very much to remind you of at to-day's meeting, and it is this, that this year's report and accounts are for the 50th year of your company's existence, so we can say that we finished our jubilee year in June last. Many of you, I may say, perhaps all of the shareholders, do not know that this company was started in the year 1863, in the share mania times when many companies were promoted most of which came to grief at the close of the American Civil War, and consequent collapse of the cotton market. This is, therefore, one of the new companies that have survived those troublesome times and has grown to a size of which the present shareholders may well be proud. The company started with only two factories in the Berars in 1863, i.e., Julgaon and Khamgaon, and one at Broach, and when I joined your Board in 1877 we had only 8 pressing and 3 ginning factories, and I am glad to say it has gone on increasing and increasing its business, until we possess now no less than 18 ginning factories and a like number of pressing factories, and 5 oil mills, and the capital expenditure, after writing off about Rs. 2½ lakhs now stands at Rs. 28½ lakhs, against the paid up capital of the shareholders of twelve and a half lakhs of rupees only, the whole of the big excess of 16 lakhs of expenditure over paid up capital as well as the amount written off has been provided for out of the profits of the company without making any requisition for increased capital from the shareholders. The dividend, too, declared from time to time all these years ranged, with very few exceptions from 6 to 12½ per cent, which later percentage has been paid for the last 8 years. This, I hope you will agree with me, is a matter of sincere congratulation that the company after its existence of half a century, during three-fourths of which I have been connected with it as a director, and more than half, as your chairman, can show such good and steady results.

Turning now to the accounts of the year, I have very little to add to what has been mentioned in the directors' report. The cotton crop of the season 1913-14 was the biggest ever known in India, amounting in all over 60 lakhs of bales.

The arrivals in our city during the five years ending 31st August, 1914 were as follows:—

	Bales.
(1) year ending 31-8-10,	3,179,082
(2) year ending 31-8-11,	2,484,858
(3) year ending 31-8-12,	2,290,852
(4) year ending 31-8-13,	2,732,852
(5) year ending 31-8-14,	3,732,878

You will thus see that all the presses and gins up-country had an unprecedented amount of work offered to them, and consequently our profit this year is a record one. Your oil mills too have done fairly well and have contributed a good share to the total profits, which as shown in the accounts amount to Rs. 4,70,418-12-4 and from which we have set aside Rs. 1,63,309-4-6 to reserve, depreciation and doubtful and bad debts accounts, and we recommend a dividend of 12½ per cent on the capital of the company, as has been done for the last 8 years continuously as I have already said, and this will absorb Rs. 1,56,250. In view of the difficulties and uncertainties created by the war in our cotton and seed crushing business, we have considered it prudent to carry forward the remainder, which comes to no less a sum than nearly the amount of the dividend we have proposed to pay now i.e., Rs. 1,50,859-7-10. I hope you will agree with me that it is necessary in the interest of the company and of the shareholders that such an amount should be carried forward as would help us in declaring our usual dividend next year, whatever the state of our accounts may then be although so far we have no reason to anticipate any bad results.

The directors' report was adopted; a dividend at the rate of Rs. 50 per share was declared; the retiring director Mr. H. R. Greaves was re-elected; Messrs. K. S. Aiyar and Co were re-appointed auditors; it was resolved to give a gratuity of Rs. 5,000 to the family of Mr. Sunderao Y. Palekar; and Rs. 2,000 to the family of Mr. Dinshah D. Khambatta; a vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the business.

An extraordinary general meeting was convened after the business of the ordinary general meeting was finished, at which the following was proposed and passed:—The following article shall be substituted for Article 17 namely:—"If several persons are registered as joint-holders of any share they shall be severally as well as jointly liable for any call, payment, or other liability in respect of such share but the first named upon the register shall, as regards voting proxy and service of notices, be deemed the sole owner thereof. Any of such persons may give effectual receipts for dividends, bonus return of capital, or other payments and upon the death of a registered joint-holder the surviving registered joint-holders or holder shall be the only persons recognized by the company as entitled to the share. For the purposes of a quorum joint-holders of any share shall be considered as no member."

In Article 26 the words "not being one of several joint-holders" shall be inserted after the words "The executor or administrator of a deceased shareholder (whether a European, Hindu, Mahomedan or otherwise)."

REPORTED THEFT OF ORNAMENTS.

Hassam Haji Karim, a dealer in specie, residing on the second floor of a house at Masjid Street, reports the theft of gold ornaments, set with diamonds and precious stones, collectively valued at Rs. 13,390. He says his house was entered into some time between 9 p.m. and midnight on Wednesday by somebody and the property stolen from a safe.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 26.

The weather has been dry everywhere but the conditions remain unsettled over north-west India.

Forecast:—No rainfall of importance.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 26th November, 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is in excess. Night temperature is above normal except at Rawalpindi and Ambalia.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity and temperature are in excess at Agra.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in west Rajputana but in excess in lower Sind; night temperature is above normal in lower Sind and the southern half of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Night temperature is in excess in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is in moderate to considerable defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is below normal at some stations.

General Remarks.—Weather has been dry and is likely to continue so generally in the reporting area in India. Conditions are unsettled in Persia and fairly heavy rain has fallen at Bushire.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on THURSDAY, the 26th of November, 1914.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st Nov. to date.	Rainfall. Variation 1st Nov. to date
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	73.7	59.6	73	0.13	2.38	—1.24
Jask	82.7	69.8	79	...	?	?
Muscat (25th)	85.6	74.6	69	...	?	?
Do. (26th)	80.8	54.7	85	...	0.30	0.25
PUNJAB—						
Multan	77.1	42.7	85	...	1.39	1.18
Rawalpindi	77	48.2	88	...	0.37	0.32
Lahore	80.2	52.1	76	...	0	...
Sibsar	75.7	47.1	89	...	0.29	0.04
Ambala	77.5	58.4	68	...	0.33	0.28
Delhi						
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	86.4	57.4	79	...	0	—0.07
Mainpur	88.0	56.8	79	...	0.04	—0.11
Jhansi	86.6	58.2	52	...	0	—0.11
Cawnpore	80.2	55.3	74	...	0	—0.29
Allahabad	79.6	52.7	72	...	0	—0.28
SIND AND RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobad	84.2	63 0	58	...	0.02	—0.08
Karachi	81	56 4	64	...	0.43	0.31
Ajmer	84.4	53 2	66	...	0.12	0.01
Jaipore	86.6	67.6	46	...	0.28	0.26
Kotah						
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	86.4	60.0	51	...	0.16	0.06
Dwarka	81.7	68.7	74	...	0.09	0.09
Veraval	86.2	66.7	62	...	0	—0.28
Rajkot	87.2	64.6	46	...	0.21	—0.02
Bhavnagar Para	88.0	62.4	51	...	0	—0.19
Surat	7 62	5	70	...	0.70	0.58
Ahmedabad	83.7	63.3	55	...	0	—0.07
Deesa	90.3	57.3	53	...	0.05	—0.07
Neemuch	83.7	64.9	57	...	0.45	0.34
Indore	83.6	53.1	69	...	0.85	0.61
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	80.8	52.8	69	...	0	—0.28
Saugor	82.8	58.8	41	...	0.04	—0.82
Hoshangabad	84.1	56.2	62	...	1.24	0.94
Khandwa	87	4 56.0	49	...	0.20	—0.17
Akola	86.4	58.1	49	...	0	—0.40
Amraoti	84	9 59.7	42	...	0.01	—0.47
Nagpur	84.6	55.4	53	...	0.06	—0.57
Chanda					0	...
Raipur	81.7	56.6	61	...	0	—0.41
KONKAN—						
Bombay	88	2 72.6	61	...	0.18	—0.20
Ratnagiri	91	9 71.9	27	...	0.01	—0.42
Mormugao	84	3 69.7	55	...	0.43	—0.53
Karwar	87.7	68.9	41	...	2.65	1.00
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	85	4 58.1	60	...	1.78	1.38
Ahmednagar	82.1	52.8	48	...	1.03	1.13
Poona	83.0	51.5	65	...	0.55	—0 21
Sholapur	84.0	56.9	51	...	1.80	0.91
Bijapur	82.1	53.8	57	...	2.33	1.44
Belgaum	79.3	55.7	41	...	1.16	—0.29
Aurangabad	88	2 53.3	42	...	0.66	0.19
Nizamabad (Indur)	82.7	52.9	57	...	0.08	—0.52
Hyderabad	81.6	55.2	55	...	0	—0.88
MALABAR AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	91.0	69.2	64	...	2.01	—0.67
Calicut	87.2	69.8	83	...	2.24	—2.12
Cochin	88.8	73.5	77	...	2.47	—1.99
Colombo	85.4	74.1	84	...	8.35	—3.16
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	85.3	64.2	66	...	0.66	—4.15
Bellary	88.2	60.6	38	...	2.11	0.31
Cuddapah	88.7	61.4	47	...	2.49	0.38
Madras	84.9	70.4	78	...	11.28	0.07
Bangalore	80.3	58.1	72	...	1.22	—1.47
Coimbatore	86 6	64.5	77	...	0.56	—2.35
Trichinopoly	90.3	71.8	68	...	1.78	—2.65
Negapatam	84.6	70.5	83	...	3.12	—10.17

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 26th November 1914, was 30.203 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to meranial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.18 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature or correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid reading should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above h. tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m. Standard time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by 0.10 inch. for every 10 feet of he height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay 25th November 1914.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2. p.m 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. ...	29.938 Inches.
Temperature of Air	79.5degree.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69.3 „
Dew Point	64.3 „
Relative humidity of Air	0.604 „
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy 10)	1.4
Maximum temperature of Air	88.2 „
Minimum do. do.	71.7 „
General direction of wind from midnight to midnight...	ENE,E,NW,NNW
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight...	159 miles

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

November 26.

Nankin	G. Manley	Shanghai.

DEPARTURES.

November 26.

Chakdara	Sparrow	Persian Gulf
City of York	J. Wilson	Liverpool via Karachi.

The following vessel entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer	Vita	for	Karachi.

S. S. Chakdara:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Chakdara, 1,881 tons, Captain Sparrow, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. City of York:—The City Line steamer City of York, 5,031 tons, Captain J. Wilson, sailed yesterday for Liverpool via Karachi, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S. S. Nankin:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Nankin, 4,250 tons, Captain G. Manley, arrived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Jinsen Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Jinsen Maru left Colombo for Bombay on the 25th instant and is due here on the 29th instant.

S. S. Peking Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Peking Maru left Singapore for Colombo via Port Swettenham and Penang on the 26th instant.

S. S. Maloja:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Maloja with the outward Mails of the 14th instant passed Suez at 5 a.m. on Thursday the 26th idem.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Thursday November 26th. 1914.

Earl of Douglas	Renn	T. Morrison & Co.
Hindoo	Pearson	J. Finlay & Co
Capri	Polmets	E. Baldoino
Trecarell	Lower	J. Finlay & Co
Westfield	Rees	K. Nixon & Co
Yita	Commach	M. M. & Co
Sardar	Gokerji	P. G. S. N. Co.
Umzumbi	Robertson	W. & A. G. & Co
	H. W. P. D.	
Saraswati	Molu	B. & S. N. Co
Bahaduri	Mahomed	B. & S. N. Co
Satrunji	Ibrahaun	Bo. S. N. Co.
Sabarmati	Sabridin	

VICTORIA DOCK.

Alavi	Richardson	T. M & Co
Lindenfels	Nickle	W. & A. G. & Co
Rinaldo	Gondon	J. Finlay & Co
Clan Macpherson	Shapland	J. Finlay & Co
Palitana	Kinnipple	M. M. & Co
Queen Maud	Howes	E. Latham & Co.
Queen Amelie	McKay	M. M. & Co.
Scindia	Kelso	W. & A. G. & Co
Bahrein	Bennett	Arab S. N &Co
Lhasa	Rouse	M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Cape Antebes	Lochead	J. Mackintash & Co
Caithness	Ridland	W. & A. G. & Co
City of Florence	Bcyck	K. N & Co.
Inverness	Venus	A. Yule & Co.
Locksley Hall	Gardner	K. N. & Co
Lawoe	Smith	Khandwani & Co
Meteor	Rennemsen	W. & A. G. & Co.
Flor di Diu	Aboo	Purshotum & Co.
Stephanotis	Robinson	A Yule & Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind	Bennett	P. & O Co.
Kinross	Tribilcock	T. M. & Co.
Kalibia	Stewart	T. M. & Co
Yorkmcor	Grest	W. & Al G. & Co

EXPORTS.

Nov. 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia (s) 2 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 100 bales cotton fly, S. Byramjee; 65 bales cotton fly, C. Pesraj and Co.; 90 bales cotton fly, R. Desai and Co.; 40 bales wool, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 15 bales wool, W. and A. Graham and Co.; 300 cwts. niger seed, H. Govindjee; 6,321 cwts. cotton seed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia (s) 6,321 cwts. cotton seed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia (s) 990 cwts. linseed, 991 cwts. poppy seed, John Fachiri.

FOR NEW YORK.

Scindia (s) 1 package cotton carpets, Thos. Cook and Son.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s) 3 bales woollen carpets, Thos. Cook and Son.

FOR LONDON.

Lindenfels (s) 470 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 1 bale hemp, K. Reeve and Co.; 100 bales hemp, J. N. Kapadia and Co.; 3,000 cwts. linseed, 124 cwts. rape seed, Sanday and Co.; 75 cwts. deer horns, 600 cwts. turmeric, E. Mohomed; 1,980 cwts. jawaree, Ralli Brothers.

Kaiser-i-Hind (s) 1 package woollen carpets, Thos. Cook and Son; 17 cwts. bees wax, J. M. Rahimtoola; 30 cwts. gum alibanum, E. Mahomed; 4 bales goat skins, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo (s) 56 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Rinaldo (s) 4,004 cwts. linseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 2,000 cwts. castor seed, Volkart Brothers; 6,006 cwts. myrabolums, 2,001 cwts. myrabolums kernels, P. Mathooradas and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Capri (s) 250 bales cotton, James Finlay and Co.; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.; 104 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR SWITZERLAND.

Capri (s) 16 cwts. animal guts, Ad. Meyer.

FOR NAPLES.

Capri (s(500 bales cotton, T. Spinner and Co.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time. depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Nil	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Nil
	Nov	h. m.	ft. in.	Nov	h. m.	ft. in.
TH.	26	m 6 21	25 7	26	m 1 16a	18 8
F.	27	m 7 20	25 4	27	m 1 14	21 1
		8 47a	25 3		2 0a	18 2
S.	28	m 8 10	25 3	28	m 2 14	21 0
		9 31a	26 0		2 37a	17 8
SUN	29	m 8 50	25 8	29	m 2 58	20 10
		10 5a	26 8		3 10a	17 1
M.	30	m 9 25	25 6	30	m 3 38	20 7
		10 37a	27 4		3 41a	16 7
	Dec.			Dec.		
TU.	1	m 9 58	25 7	1	m 4 47	20 4
		11 9a	27 11		4 11a	16 2
W.	2	m 10 32	25 9	2	m 4 55	20 1
		11 41a	28 4		4 41a	15 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Nov.	Sunrise	Sunset
„ 26 (Thursday)	„ 6h. 52m.	„ 6h. 0m.
„ 27 (Friday)	„ 6h. 53m.	„ 6h. 0m.
„ 28 (Saturday)	„ 6h. 54m.	„ 6h. 0m.
„ 29 (Sunday)	„ 6h. 54m.	„ 6h. 0m.

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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

	Page.
LEADING ARTICLES	
State Forests	4
Germany's Petrol Supply	4
NOTES OF THE DAY	4
FOREIGN NEWS.	
War Telegrams	5
INDIAN TELEGRAMS	3, 4 & 5
SPECIAL ARTICLE.	
The Back Bay Scheme	4
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL	
Company Meeting	3
Another Bombay War Hospital	6
Bombay Government Gazette	7
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	3
GENERAL NEWS.	
Mystery of a Staff Officer's Letter	7
CORRESPONDENCE.	
Example and Precepts	6
Volunteer Duty at Thana Bridge	6
The Hospital Ship Loyalty	6
LEGAL NEWS	6
COMMERCIAL	3
SHIPPING	3
THE WEATHER	3
ILLUSTRATION	7

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Friday, November 27, 1914.

STATE FORESTS.

The planting and preservation of forests in India may be said to be of half a century's growth. No doubt the State was before then fully alive to the necessity not only of maintaining and preserving forests. Its experts, from Mr. Brandes downwards, knew the great value of afforestation. But the Government, fifty years ago and more, was exceedingly poor in its financial resources. Oftener than not they had great difficulty in balancing the two sides of the budget and deficits were rather more common than surpluses. But, as revenue grew and the other resources of the State began to expand, they were not backward in conserving forests and instituting a well-equipped and well-organised forest department under able experts, fully aware of the economic benefits that must accrue to the country and the larger income that might be yielded to the Government. There was another strong reason which impelled that authority to pay the greatest attention to afforestation and reafforestation. The era of railway construction which began in 1848, first with the East Indian Railway Company, necessitated an extensive use of forest timber for purposes of wooden sleepers. Large forests in the neighbourhood of the lines of alignments of the great trunk railways were put into requisition for this special purpose. As a result enormous quantities of timber were cut down. There was no harm so far. The evil came with the gross neglect to replant the areas which had been denuded. The severe famine of 1876-77 led to the investigation of the causes of that terrible calamity. The first Famine Commission, so ably presided over by the late Sir James Caird, an indisputable authority on agriculture, specially selected by the late Marquis of Salisbury, after taking ample evidence, came to the conclusion that one of the principal causes of absence of adequate rain in certain areas was the want of trees. The denudation of large forests for railway purposes, without reafforestation, was said to be contributory to deficient rainfall. This is now an established fact of science.

Thus it came to pass that the great famine of 1876-77 led the Government of India to concentrate their attention on the complete organisation and equipment of forests. About 1878 the first Forest Act was passed. There were many controversies on the subject, and, as each province had enacted its own special rules, there was a storm of opposition almost everywhere as to the harshness of these. That there was substantial ground for the bitter opposition could not be denied. At the same time, the intentions of the Imperial Government were most beneficent. Here in Bombay, in 1885, we had actually a Forest Commissioner, who carefully investigated all well-founded and legitimate grievances and amended the original enactment, thanks to the sagacity and sympathy of that distinguished administrator, Lord Reay, whose name will always remain associated with those of Mountstuart Elphinstone and Sir Bartle Frere. Slowly, the agitation everywhere subsided. The various Governments better understood agricultural needs and did their best to meet the immemorial rights and privileges of *rab* and other forest produce which they had enjoyed. The Forest Departments breathed freely and the Government of India was able to move forward with great energy in the conservation and preservation of forests. From 1888 the revenue of forests began to materialise itself, so as to be considered a respectable item of its principal revenue. There were still complaints however here and there that forest officers in the provinces were overzealous in increasing revenue at the expense, harassment and annoyance of the humble foresters, despite the, open policy publicly declared that the principal object of the State was, not so much the annual yield of revenue, as the preservation of forests for purposes of rainfall. So, during the latter part of Lord Elgin's viceroyalty in the nineties, the Government once more re-affirmed its broad policy as to forests. This gave great public satisfaction, and it is gratifying to find that the progress of the Forest Department since has been exceedingly good in point of revenue, while friction between the foresters and the local forest officials has become a negligible quantity.

The Green Book on forest statistics for 1912-13, just issued by the Government of India, affords us an opportunity to review such of the salient facts revealed therein as are of popular interest. First as to forest area. It may be stated that in 1908-09 the total area under all classes of forests was 9.86 lakh square miles. In 1912-13, it had extended to 10.04 square miles, showing an increase of 0.38 square miles. The expenditure on buildings and communications during 1912-13 was 15.88 lakhs. Forest fires are more or less common, though they are sometimes of a disastrous character. In earlier years incendiary fires were most frequent, more or less owing to the retributive efforts of the foresters, who were treated most relentlessly by the petty forest officials. Incendiarism, however, of that character, has practically ceased though it cannot be said that it has wholly subsided. There were 606 such fires in 1912-13, 870 natural ones and 1,531 for which no cause could be assigned. The grazing of animals in certain areas was once the cause of the greatest heartburning and criticism in the press. Thanks to public agitation we do not now hear much of complaints under this head. The area closed to all animals in 1912-13 was 42,692 square miles. Grazing fees were again a constant source of irritation owing to the oppressive regulations on the subject. These have been considerably modified. In 1912-13, 31.29 lakhs of cattle were allowed free grazing under settlement, and those allowed to graze otherwise numbered 13-06 lakhs. Animals allowed to be grazed on payment of fees was 1.12 crores. The outturn of all classes of forest produce was 29 crores of cubic feet, yielding 1.10 crore rupees. Regarding revenue and expenditure, and the surplus of forests, the following are the figures at the end of each decennium from 1888-89. Those interested in forest revenue statistics may study them with profit.

In 'Crore Rupees.

	Revenue	Expenditure.	Surplus.
1888-89	1.39	0.81	0.57
1898-99	1.90	1.10	0.90
1908-09	2.54	1.47	1.07
1912-13	3.32	1.72	1.55

It will be seen that the gross revenue in 24 years has increased 140 per cent., and the nett surplus has increased 163 per cent., which shows what a magnificent estate the Government of India possesses in its forests and how far they are a source of legitimate revenue, while conferring vast benefits on the country. It is gratifying to notice that all the great commercial undertakings of the Government, in order better to serve the public, are turning out most profitable after 50 years of nursing,—railways, irrigation, forests and the post office. The last three are exceedingly gratifying in their economic results. But the railways and the policy underlying them are still the theme of no little adverse and well-founded criticism. This is partly owing to the improvident and unwise policy of the State itself and partly to the obstruction of the monopolised railways. But we hope that sooner or later there will be an improvement in the railways, which at present only pay a little over 1 per cent to the taxpayer on the colossal capital outlay of 500 crores and more.

GERMANY'S PETROL SUPPLY.

From time to time we have received messages by Reuter of the reported shortage of petrol in the German Army, and we have been inclined to accept these statements because, if true, they hold out a prospect of a speedier close to the war and that to our advantage. At the same time we have to remember that Germany is not wholly dependent on this spirit for the working of its motor system, and we must reckon with the consideration that a country which has been so long preparing for war should have overlooked so important a part of its equipment. Nevertheless, there are certain facts to be taken into consideration which justify us in taking some measure of satisfaction in the present position of Germany with respect to her motor fuel. Germany has very little oil producing country of its own, and is largely dependent on the supplies which come from America and Galicia and Russia. After the outbreak of the war Germany was practically dependent on her own accummulated stocks, plus the supplies from the oilfields of her Ally Now this latter source is practically closed, for the Russians appear to have obtained control of all this mine region. Galicia has been supplying Germany with about 275,000 tons of petroleum products per annum, about twenty-five per cent. of her consumption, and we cannot doubt they expected this supply would be available through the war. Now the Russian Minister of Trade and Industry has sent a commission of engineers to report on the fields, and to suggest means by which advantage can be taken of the supply. Only one source is open to Germany, i.e., she must turn to neutral countries. There is evidence that this source is being tapped in spite of the fact that petrol is considered contraband of war. Though Germany cannot get petrol direct from America, it is possible to get American petrol through Denmark in spite of the determination of that country to remain neutral. Within recent weeks vessel after vessel has left America with petrol supplies for Denmark amounting to well over a million gallons. When it is remembered that her ordinary requirements for that period of time is only about seventeen thousands gallons, it is quite legitimate to draw the inference that much of it is passing into Germany. This amount may seem little when compared with the great quantity she requires, but even this will prove of the greatest value in moving the most important parts of her gun carriages and ammunition stores. One American vessel known as the John D. Rockerfeller was stopped recently on the way to Copenhagen, and was found to contain no less than three million gallons of petrol and other oils. So far as her supply of petrol is concerned we are justified in hoping Germany will soon begin to feel the shortage.

But she is not dependent on this, Benzol and alcohol can both be used for propelling motor vehicles, and from all accounts the supplies of both these liquids are great, and the means of procuring more are at hand. Benzol, as a motor spirit, is coming into favour in many places, and it has been proved to be as good a motor fuel as petrol. It is obtained as a bye-product from coke-ovens. These ovens are almost numberless in Germany, and in every case they are so constructed that benzol may be recovered. In England only about a third of these are so constructed. An authority states that in 1907 the German output was less than two milllion gallons, and in 1911, over six millions, figures which make it at once clear how much she has developed this branch of industry. To keep these ovens going she requires coal, seventeen tons being required to produce a gallon of benzol. This works out at eight million tons of coal to keep up the ordinary monthly supply. Two years ago the Government made arrangements for plant which would produce six million gallons of benzol per annum, and if this is in working order, there does not seem any great prospect of Germany running short of this particular motor fuel. We recognise, of course, their difficulty in providing the necessary labour to work the coal, but here again we are in the dark for we have no idea of what provision the military authorities have made in storing up coal for emergency.

Alcohol has been tried as a motor fuel, but it has not met with any favour. This is due to two things, first, its cost, and secondly, the need for considerable alteration in motor engines which use it. If mixed with benzol the results have been more satisfactory, and in case of need could be resorted to. The annual German production, we are informed, is at least 100 millions, and as the companies making this spirit are under the control of Government there would be no difficulty in getting an adequate supply. We have given a brief outline of the prospects that lie before Germany so far as motor fuel is concerned. From time to time she may find a shortage at the place where it is required, but this will generally be due to lack of passport. Her petrol supply, while not inexhaustible, must be considerable, and she can still hope to get a fair quantity through neutral countries where there are sure to be traders who show no respect to the state of neutrality. Then if this supply does fail she can fall back on her benzol and alcohol supplies. But we have seen that these two present difficulties, and with the great demand on men of working age for military service, the supply will not be easy. We ourselves are fortunately placed, and so long as we command the seas, we can depend on an adequate supply of motor fuel. The enemy deprived of its motor vehicles would be hard hit in this war.

Notes of the Day

The Kiel Canal.

The report from Denmark that the Germans are feverishly fortifying the line of entrenchments along the Kiel Canal and pouring troops into Schleswig-Holstein will naturally give rise to many speculations. The first question that suggests itself, of course, is whether Denmark is about to end her neutrality, join the Allies and make a bid for the provinces that were so ruthlessly wrested from her in 1864. There were many who thought, when the war broke out, that Denmark would not remain neutral in view of the opportunity of regaining Schleswig-Holstein. But Denmark may well be excused if she waited to see how events would turn out before she took the risk of an even worse blow to her integrity. At the present moment the assistance that Denmark could give, not so much by actual naval and military aid, though that would be a considerable factor, as by the use of her territories for an attack on the Kiel Canal, would be incalculable. Many people will associate with the report, however, Mr. Winston Churchill's famous statement that, if the German ships refused to come out of the Kiel Canal, "they would be dug out like rats in a hole." It is impossible to say whether a British expedition to Schlewig is within the realms of possibility or not, but the assumption is, of course, that the coast is fully protected by mines. The telegram, it must be confessed, seems to be couched in exaggerated terms. Germany can hardly be "pouring" troops into Schleswig-Holstein considering her occupations elsewhere.

"Eye Witness."

There is now very little room for doubt, according to a Home paper, that the "Eye-witness," who enlivens Reuter's telegrams everyday with his narratives, is Colonel E. D. Swinton, D.S.O., of the Royal Engineers. Colonel Swinton is an author of no mean repute. He saw service in South Africa during the Boer War. There he was attached to the Railway Pioneer Regiment, and the Boer activities in blowing up bridges and lines provided him with good opportunities for showing his abilities. The literary outcome of these activities in the field was the anonymous publication of a book, "Green Curve," containing a collection of stories, which was well received. In his "The Defence of Duffer's Drift," also published anonymously, he gives us the picture of a "Nut" showing the mistakes he made in the defence, etc., of the position. In his little book "A Few Experiences in Field Defence for Detached Posts which may Prove Useful in our Next War," and, with a note of sardonic playfulness which is never absent from his work, he dedicated "this tale of a dream to the 'gilded popinjays' and 'hired assassins' of the British nation, especially those who are now knocking at the door,—to wit, the very junior." He is also the author of many other books on battlefield stories, which are well-known.

The old German Club.

Life's little ironies, from the standpoint of the German, are plentiful just now. Ships built for the purpose of taking away British trade are now engaged in that very trade, while others have been turned into transports to take British troops to Europe to fight against the people who built them. Then there are German buildings which have become all-British, such, for instance, as the German Club in Bombay. The Union Jack now floats proudly over the building in which German residents in Bombay were wont in former days to spend their leisure hours; and inside the rooms in which the members formerly shouted "hocks!" and "prosits" as they quaffed their Pilsener or Munich, are now occupied as offices by one of the military departments. Even the skittle-alley, once the pride and joy of the Club, which the visitor was always conducted over with pride, is now, rumour hath it, the home of numberless files. And while the typewriter clicks merrily in the rooms which were once given over to Teuton mirth and song, the former habitués doubtless think, with sighs of regret, of the good times they spent in their Club in Bombay.

War Topics in "Indian Ink."

The war and military topics in general occupy a prominent position in "Indian Ink"; both the graver and the lighter aspects being dealt with. Mr. E. H. Timmins has a vigorous story of Mons, entitled "The Guiding of Trooper Sword" and an Imperial Yeoman of the Boer War recounts his experiences of South Africa. Among the serious contributions having a warlike flavour may be included the new poem "The Trumpet" by Mr. Rabindranath Tagore, who has courteously permitted its appearance in "Indian Ink." Verses on the European campaign are "To Belgium" by Mr. R. C. Bonnerjee and the anonymous verses, "The Fortress of Maubeuge" and "The Volunteer Unchosen." The lighter side of military affairs receives the attention of "Myauk" who writes most entertainingly of the organisation of an Indian Regiment while the Calcutta creator of "Tommy Atkins—Instructor" gives further details of that well-known drill instructor of the Calcutta Scottish Volunteers. That hero of ingenious stratagems, "Damfool Smith," is not idle in a time of international war and "Subaltern," the chronicler of his earlier enterprises, recounts how he captures the German Emperor.

Official and Personal.

Mr. G. S. Hardy, I.C.S., Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay, is appointed to be Controller of Hostile Trading Concerns in the Bombay Presidency.

Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Dr. Charles Freeman Underwood as Consul for Liberia at Bombay.

Lieutenant E. D. Metcalfe, 3rd Skinner's Horse, has been appointed to officiate as Commandant of His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard, in addition to his own duties as Adjutant, with effect from the forenoon of the 31st October 1914, vice Captain V. A. Coaker, vacated.

The term of deputation of Mr. Joseph Nissim, LL.B. (Cantab.), Bar.-at-Law, I.C.S., to the Government of India in the Legislative Department has been extended till the 31st January 1915.

The services of the undermentioned officers of the Public Works Department, who belong to the Indian Army Reserve of officers, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—

Mr. H. H. M. Spink, Assistant Engineer, Bombay.

Mr. E. M. Proes, Executive Engineer, Bombay.

Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthnot, Assistant Engineer, Bombay.

SEA WALL FROM COLABA TO MARINE LINES.

BORINGS BEING TAKEN

Orders have been given this week for the carrying out of the preliminary survey and boring work preparatory to the framing of estimates for the building of a sea wall or breakwater from Colaba to Marine Lines. The new scheme provides for a sea wall running from the end of the small breakwater constructed this year at the back of Marine Lines station to a point somewhere near the Church at Colaba. The wall will curve slightly inwards, and the land reclaimed from the sea will be a comparatively narrow strip no wider at any point than about a quarter of a mile.

Of course the scheme at present is very much in the air, and the fact that borings are to be taken does not commit the authorities to anything. In any case, even if when the preliminaries have been completed and the estimates got out, it is found that the scheme is feasible, nothing will be done until after the war, for a Government order has been issued prohibiting all large works until the war is over. This should be clearly understood at the outset.

The work for which orders have now been given is, as has been said, quite preliminary. Before any idea of the cost of such a project could be formed it is necessary to take borings to find out how far down excavations would have to be carried before coming to rock, which would serve as a foundation for the wall, and workers will go over the whole of the proposed line of the wall carrying out these borings. It will be some months before this is done, more months will pass before the estimates are framed, and even if the scheme goes through it will be a long time before a start is made with the actual building of the wall.

It is estimated that such a breakwater would take four or five years to build, and the filling in of the reclaimed land would take a year or two longer. As to the cost, it would certainly be very great. The small sea wall at Marine Lines, it is stated, has cost over a lakh and a half of rupees,—considerably more than the estimate,—and this is only about one hundred yards long, while such a wall as is now to be surveyed would be something like two miles. Readers who are good at figures may amuse themselves by working out the cost of this big breakwater, taking the cost of the small one at Marine Lines as a working basis.

The effect of the scheme if carried out, would be to give a sea wall from Colaba almost to Chowpati, and to recover a few more acres of land from the sea.

The Marine Lines sea wall is not yet completed. All the concrete on vibrocal blocks are in position, but the surface has not been completed. About half a foot of concrete has yet to be put in the uppermost blocks to bring the new wall to the level of the wooden breakwater running out from the shore diagonally and joining up with the wall, and then on top of that there will probably be placed what is technically known as a "bull's nose," a couple of steps curved outwards to prevent the seas washing over during the monsoon. This work has been postponed under the order of the Government stopping all unessential works owing to the war. The filling in of the small piece of land which the new wall has reclaimed is proceeding, but this is being done under contract.

THE WAR

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

FORTIFYING KIEL.

RUSSIAN INVASION OF HUNGARY.

LULL IN THE WEST.

EFFECTIVE BOMBARDMENT OF ZEEBRUGGE.

The Danes report that the Germans are feverishly fortifying the line of entrenchments protecting the Kiel Canal and pouring troops into Schleswig-Holstein.

The bombardment of Zeebrugge by British warships has thwarted the German scheme to make it a naval base. The fate of six submarines reported to have been assembled at Zeebrugge is unknown.

It is reported that the Germans have not yet given up hope of reaching Calais, and are preparing for a supreme final effort.

The usual communiques are issued reviewing the operations in the western theatre, but nothing of importance has transpired.

A communique from Petrograd chronicles a series of Russian successes along the whole front. Considerable forces of the Austrians are being enveloped in the neighbourhood of Mezoe and Laborez, and a General, 40 officers, 3,500 soldiers, machine guns and three trains have been captured. The Russians have entered Hungary. In the region of Lodz where the great battle is raging, the communique merely says fighting continues.

A Russian official statement says that the defeated Turks are apparently hurrying to the shelter of the forts of Erzerum and Devebornau. The roads are littered with frozen corpses.

Pourparlers are proceeding aiming at a new equilibrium in the Balkans. It is reported that Serbia on the advice of the Entente Powers is willing to make territorial concessions to Bulgaria.

The first Indian to win the Victoria Cross is Havildar Ganga Singh, of the 57th Wilde's Rifles, who killed 11 Germans in a hand-to-hand fight in the trenches. He has five wounds.

AMERICAN "SANTA CLAUS" SHIP ARRIVES.

GIFTS FOR COMBATANTS' CHILDREN.

LONDON, Nov 25.

The American "Santa Claus" ship Jason received an official welcome at Plymouth this afternoon. She has brought twelve hundred tons of Christmas gifts for the children of combatants. She later proceeds to Marseilles and other ports.

GERMAN ANXIETY AT KIEL.

MARKED RUSSIAN SUCCESSES.

GERMANS SCARED AT KIEL.

CANAL ENTRENCHMENTS BEING FORTIFIED.

TROOPS POUR INTO SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov 25.

The Danes report that the Germans are feverishly fortifying the line of entrenchments protecting the Kiel canal and pouring troops into Schleswig-Holstein.

EFFECT OF BOMBARDMENT OF ZEEBRUGGE.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

According to Dutch correspondents the British bombardment has thwarted the German scheme to make Zeebrugge a naval base. The bombardment has destroyed the sluices and set on fire the power station and factory.

The Germans attempted to remove to Bruges stores, including a hydrogen apparatus for Zeppelins, but a section of the railway was destroyed by shells.

The fate of six submarines reported to have been assembled at Zeebrugge is unknown.

HAVOC WORKED BY FIRST SHELL.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Refugees from Zeebrugge who have arrived in Holland report that the first shell from the British warships exploded among Germans who were working on submarines, killing seventeen of them.

The German Naval Staff was quqartered in the Palace Hotel which was destroyed.

AN INDIAN HERO.

HAVILDAR SLAYS ELEVEN GERMANS.

WINS THE VICTORIA CROSS.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The "Times" states that the first Indian to win the Victoria Cross is Havildar Ganga Singh, of the 57th Wilde's Rifles. He was the sole survivor of sixteen Indians after a hand-to-hand fight in the trenches. The Havildar killed eleven Germans and was left for dead. He has five wounds.

LATER.

The announcement that the Victoria Cross had been awarded to Havildar Gagna Singh appears in a Boulogne telegram to the "Times." It lacks confirmation as yet.

INDIA'S OBLIGATIONS TO BRITAIN.

MAHARAJAH OF IDAR INTERVIEWED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The Maharajah of Idar, interviewed in Cairo said:—"India wants to do her duty. She knows her duty is to fight for the Emperor, beside the Emperor's troops.

"We first heard that India's contribution was to be a hundred thousand native troops. We now learn that two hundred thousand will go. We are glad to hear this.

"There are many men in India who are heart-broken at being left behind. If the Emperor asks for one, two three millions our pride will be greater.

"If the Emperor wishes an Army as large as the Tsar's, India will furnish the men. Everything we have is Britain's, because Britain is fighting for world civilisation and the life of a small State like gallant Belgium."

ROYAL GIFTS FOR INDIAN WOUNDED

LONDON, Nov 25.

The King and Queen have sent gifts of clothing cigarettes and walking-sticks to the Indian wounded in New Forest.

EQUILIBRIUM OF THE BALKANS.

ENTENTE'S ADVICE TO SERBIA.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Pourparlers are proceeding aiming at a new equilibrium in the Balkans. It is understood that Serbia on the advice of the Entente Powers, is willing to make territorial concessions to Bulgaria.

The Bulgarian Premier, Dr. Radoslavoff, in a statement in the Sobranye, insisted on the maintenance of Bulgarian neutrality.

Great importance is attached in Sofia to the visits paid to Dr. Radoslavoff by Ministers of the Triple Entente.

RUSSIANS ENTER HUNGARY.

AUSTRIAN FORCES BEING ENVELOPED.

BIG CAPTURES OF PRISONERS AND MATERIAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 26.

An official communique chronicles Russian successes in Poland and Galicia and the captures of prisoners and guns.

The Russians have entered Hungary.

The communique says fighting in the neighbourhood of Lodz continues.

Masses of Germans who on 20th November invaded the region of Strykow, Brzeziny, Koluszka, Rzgow and Luszyn are now, under Russian pressure, making supreme efforts to cut way North.

Broken units are wandering South of Koluszka. We have captured prisoners, heavy guns and field guns.

Operations at Lowicz went in our favour and we have obtained a manifest advantage in the fighting around Czenstochowa and Cracow.

Our troops beyond the Carpathians are enveloping considerable forces of the Austrians in the neighbourhood of Mezoe and Laborez. Here we have captured a General, forty officers, 3,500 soldiers, machine guns and three trains.

We have occupied the town of Komonna, near the mouth of the passes leading to the plain of Hungary.

GERMAN ARMY IN POLAND BROKEN.

RUSSIANS INFLICT GREAT LOSSES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Nov. 26.

The London correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" cables:—

Unofficial reports of Russian successes in Poland are partly confirmed by a statement the Tsar made to the wounded when visiting a hospital yesterday.

The "Morning Post's" correspondent at Petrograd reports a considerable Russian success further south.

The "Times'" correspondent at Petrograd says the German Army between the Vistula and the Warta numbered 4,00,000 and has been borken, one part being diverted northward and the other southward; apparently the Russians got behind both of them and inflicted great losses.

GERMAN ADVANCE CHECKED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 26.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—

The Russians inflicted a heavy check on the German advance and captured a brigade and half of infantry and some guns.

The Germans are on bad ground and their supplies are hampered by the roads having been torn up in their former retreat.

New formations are being raised from among the broken battalions to whom fresh reservists are being added.

PROMOTIONS IN ARMY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The following promotions are announced:—

Brigadier-General Sir H. S. Rawlinson to be Army Corps Commander.

Captain H. C. Rome, Indian Army, to be Major, 9th Essex Regiment.

Captain Arthur Roberts, retired, Indian Army, to be Adjutant, 9th Scots Fusiliers.

Colonel George Even, retired, Indian Army, to command the 6th West Kents.

EIGHT MORE V. C'S.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Eight further Victoria Crosses have been awarded, including one to the late Captain E. K. Bradbury, L. Batery, Royal Horse Artillery, making the battery's third Cross.

The other recipients are:—

Major Yate, Yorkshire Light Infantry, deceased.

Captain W. H. Johnston, Engineers.

Bombardier, now Sergeant Harlock, 113th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Lance-Corporal Holmes, 2nd Yorkshire Light Infantry.

Drivers Drain and Luke, 37th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Private Godley, Fourth Royal Fusiliers.

Five of the Crosses are for gallantry at the retreat at Mons.

FIGHTING IN THE WEST.

QUIET ALL ROUND.

HUMOUR IN THE TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, Nov. 25.

The afternoon communique says: "From the North Sea to Ypres there has been no further infantry attack. We have gained ground between Lanchemarck and Zonnebeke.

"Indian troops have retaken some trenches near La Bassee.

"The situation is exceedingly quiet from La Bassee to Soissons.

"We have made slight progress in the Berry-au-Bac region and in Argonne.

"The enemy attacked at Bethincourt, northwest of Verdun but was repulsed.

"The Germans asked for an armistice but it was refused.

"Our artillery at Pontamousson was able to bombard Arnaville.

"There is no change in the Vosges."

NO CHANGE.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

An official communique issued last night says the day was quiet and there was no change on the entire front.

GERMANS HOPE TO REACH CALAIS

PREPARING FOR A SUPREME EFFORT.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The Germans in Belgium are severing communications with Holland. They have evidently not yet given up the hope of reaching Calais, and are preparing for a final supreme effort.

THE BATTLE OF YPRES

EXCERPT FROM SIX WEEKS' REVIEW

PARIS, Nov. 25.

The "Bulletin des Armees" reviewing the operations of the last six weeks says:—

"Our collaboration with the British Army in the battle of Ypres is one of the finest pages in military history. The decisive help we afforded the British at a critical moment sealed the brotherhood in arms between the Allies. The German reverse effectively prevents a resumption of the offensive.

HUMOURS OF THE TRENCHES.

SILENT GUNS USED BY GERMANS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The Press Bureau publishes the following from the Headquarters "Eye-witness."—"News of the destruction of the Emden caused immense satisfaction in all ranks. In one place where the opposing trenches were close, news was greeted with cheers and passed on, with comments, to the enemy, with the result that the trench was fired on heavily."

"Eye-witness" emphasises that artillery never ceases. Scores of lives have been lost on days which have been described as uneventful. He mentions a silent gun used by the Germans. It may be pneumatic or worked mechanically. There is no report and no sound as the projectile travels. The first notice is detonation. Hitherto it has done no damage.

Prisoners on a captured aeroplane have been found to be furnished with proclamations in Hindustani recommending the Indian troops to desert.

DARGAI HERO RE-ENLISTS.

LONDON, Nov 25.

Piper Findlater of Dargai fame has re-enlisted.

GERMAN CASUALTIES.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The eighty-third official list of German casualties, covering from the middle of September to the end of October brings the total up to 601,438. This does not include 58 lists for Saxony, 56 for Bavarians and 61 for Wurtemburg.

PASSENGER STEAMER TORPEDOED

PHOTOGRAPHIC EVIDENCE.

FRAGMENT OF GERMAN TORPEDO FOUND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 25.

With reference to the sinking of the French passenger steamer Amiral Ganteaume on Oct. 26th the Press Bureau publishes a photograph of a portion of an Amiral Ganteaume's lifeboat with a fragment of a German torpedo embedded in it, proving that the vessel was torpedoed by a German submarine.

The French steamer Amiral Ganteaume, carrying some 2,000 French refugees from Calais to Havre, was torpedoed about 12 miles off Cape Griz Nez. The explosion was followed by a panic in which some 30 of the passengers were rescued by the cross-Channel steamer Queen, a French torpedo destroyer, and by fishing smacks, and were taken to Folkestone. The Ganteaume was badly damaged by the explosion.

INCREASED ARMY PAY.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

An Army Order increases the pay of the ranks from second-lieut. to captain; also in certain cases of majors in the Army Service Corps.

Second-lieutenants vary from 9-6 daily in the Horse Artillery to 7-6 in the infantry. Lieutenants vary from 10-6 to 8-6, captains from 15/, to 12/6; in the case of the latter, of three years seniority, from 18/ to 14/6.

Second-lieutenants promoted from the ranks vary from 12/ to 10/. The grant of fifty pounds for three years is cancelled, but the £150 outfit allowance is retained.

Rankers retiring at the end of the war receive gratuities varying from two hundred to a thousand sterling. Alternative to the latter is a pension of eighty pounds per annum.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

It is generally felt that the new army pay will increase the supply of officers from desirable classes hitherto attracted by superior inducements of civil employment.

BRITISH UNITS IN INDIAN FORCE.

INDIAN RATES OF PAY TO BE CONTINUED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 26.

The Government of India have sanctioned the continuance of Indian rates of pay to officers and men of British units serving with the Indian Expeditionary Force "A."

It has also been decided that Indian rates of pay shall be admissible to officers of British units proceeding via England for employment under the War Office.

Further orders will be issued as regards the other forces.

THE EMDEN'S VICTIM'

A LIFEBOAT DRIFTS TO PONDICHERRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PONDICHERRY, Nov 26.

A lifeboat belonging to the S. S. Lovat, which was recently sunk by the Emden, was found drifting about the coast between the ports of Cuddalore and Pondicherry a few days ago.

A motor launch of this port was sent out, which, after several unsuccessful attempts, finally managed to tow it safely into Pondicherry where it now lies at the head of the pier.

The boat is in excellent condition, only the rudder being slightly damaged. The words "Lovat, Leith" are still quite distinct.

WAR GAZETTEER.

The folowing places are mentioned in to-day's telegrams:—

CZENTOCHOWA.—A town of Poland, 148 miles S. W. of Warsaw.

CRACOW.—A town in Austria on the left bank of the Vistula.

LODZ.—In Russian Poland, about 90 miles S. W. of Warsaw.

LOWITZ.—A town of Poland, 42 miles W. of Warsaw.

STRYKOW.—A town of Poland on an affluent of the Bzura, 30 miles W. N. W. of Rawa.

RZGOW.—A town of Poland 68 miles E. of Kalish.

BRZEZINY.—A town of Poland on the Pilica, 21 miles W. of Rawa.

YPRES.—In Belgium, 18 miles N. W. of Lille.

VERDUN.—In France about 28 miles west of the German frontier.

LA BASSEE.—10 miles north of Lens.

ERZERUM.—A town of Turkish Armenia, not far from the western source of the Euphrates.

TURKS PUT TO ROUT.

RUSSIANS IN PURSUIT.

ROADS LITTERED WITH FROZEN CORPSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 26.

An official statement says the Russians continued the pursuit of the main body of defeated Turks in the direction of Erzerum, capturing many prisoners and munitions.

The roads are littered with frozen corpses.

The Turks are apparently hurrying to the shelter of the forts of Erzerum and Devebornou.

DISAFFECTION IN TURKISH TROOPS.

LARGE NUMBERS DESERT.

CAIRO, Nov. 25.

Refugees from Asia Minor say that sixty per cent. of the Diarbekir and sixty per cent. of the Kharput divisions of the eleventh Turkish Army Corps have deserted, objecting to fight the Russians.

LATEST CABLES.

(Received after 2 a.m.)

RUSSIAN COUNTER-STROKE.

GERMANS FIND THEMSELVES CAUGHT.

LARGE NUMBER OF PRISONERS CAPTURED.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 26, 3-40 p.m.

The "Bourse Gazette" says that forty-eight trains have been despatched to bring prisoners who have been captured near Lodz. Their accommodation is approximately that for a complete army corps. It appears that at least one army corps succeeded in piercing the Russians and got to their rear; but when the Russian counter-stroke was delivered the Germans found themselves caught, surrounded and helpless. It is not known yet whether one or two army corps have been captured. All correspondents in Petrograd indicate that the Russian success has been very great but the military authorities deprecate the publication of incomplete statements.

Four noiseless German trench mortars have been captured in Russia. Their extreme range is two miles. They cause extremely noxious fumes and prove to be not pneumatic but worked by special mechanism.

BRITISH AIR RAID.

WORKSHOPS COMPLETELY WRECKED.

AVIATORS AWARDED LEGION OF HONOUR.

PARIS, Nov. 26.

Details of the aeroplane raid at Friedrichshafen show that the bombs completely wrecked the only workshops equipped with indispensable tools and machinery for the repair of airships. The raid caused an obvious panic in the yards.

Commander Babington and Lieutenant Sippe returned and alighted within a few hundred yards of each other three hours after their departure. Commander Briggs was not seriously wounded.

The three aviators have been awarded the Legion of Honour.

GERMANS ON THE YSER.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

A message from the north of France to the "Times" says that there are only sufficient Germans now on the Yser to prevent the allied offensive.

In the flooded area the troops have been transferred almost entirely to Lille district.

RAMMING OF GERMAN DESTROYER.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

German wireless news confirms the ramming of a German destroyer in the Sound and admits that she was badly damaged.

INDIAN SOLDIERS' FUND.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

It is officially announced that the Indian Fund amounts to £92,000.

The fund also provides 500 pairs of wet-resisting boots.

Numerous contributions have been received from India.

Some panchayats and chowkidars of village Tikri in Bengal were convicted under section 420 for extorting money from villagers saying that the Government had asked them to enlist soldiers for the war but that anybody paying money could be excluded. The trying Deputy Magistrate sentenced each accused to four months' rigorous imprisonment; similar other cases are pending.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

A MORTGAGE SUIT.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

KUPPA DULLA & Co. v. BAI PARVATI AND ANOTHER.

This was a suit by the plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and the other creditors of Bai Parvati, the first defendant, for a declaration that a mortgage dated 6th July, 1912, executed by the first defendant in favour of the second defendant firm, was void and inoperative, and for other reliefs.

Mr. J. Davar and Mr. Desai appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Bhathe plaintiffs, and Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Baha-

On the 26th July 1913 the plaintiffs, Kuppa Dulla & Co. obtained a decree for Rs. 4,498-5-9 with costs against one Parvatibai, the first defendant. In execution of that decree the plaintiffs attached a sum of Rs. 15,000 payable to Parvatibai by receivers in suit No. 59 of 1909 under a consent decree in that suit dated 19th November, 1912. Thereupon the firm of Jagmohandas Ranchhoddas, the second defendant, asked the plaintiffs to raise the attachment to the extent of the claim which they had over the moneys in the hands of the receivers under a mortgage dated 6th July, 1912, for a consideration of Rs. 12,000 between Parvati and the second defendant firm. Thereafter the second defendant firm took out a summons against the plaintiffs calling upon them to show cause why the attachment should not be raised: on that summons an order was made that the attachment levied by the plaintiffs should continue only to the extent of Rs. 7,000, out of the moneys in the hands of the receivers, and that it should be raised with reference to the balance of those moneys. The plaintiffs were further ordered to file a suit on or before 8th November, 1913, to establish their right to attach the whole sum of Rs. 15,000. Thereupon the plaintiffs filed the present suit. The plaintiffs pleaded that the mortgage of 6th July, 1912, in favour of the firm of Jagmohandas Ranchhoddas was not bona-fide, that Parvatibai's nephew was a partner in the said firm, and that it was intended to defeat and delay the creditors of Parvatibai. Without prejudice to these contentions the mortgage was impeached on the ground of fraudulent preference. Subsequently when the suit came on the board for hearing it was pointed out that a suit of that nature could only be brought by one creditor on behalf of himself and all the other creditors. Thereupon the plaintiffs obtained leave to amend the plaint and, by the amendment, the plaintiffs added another plea, viz., that the document of 6th July, 1912, was of no effect in law.

After hearing evidence and arguments of counsel, his Lordship delivered judgment. His Lordship, after stating the facts which gave rise to the suit, said that one Gordhan Raghunath, husband of Parvatibai, carried on business in the name of Raghunathji Tarachand. A suit was filed for the administration of his estate and receivers were appointed on the 10th October 1910. Thereafter an agreement was arrived at between Parvatibai and the receivers whereby the business was taken over by Parvatibai on certain conditions. She agreed to pay a debt of Rs. 12,000 due in connection with the business and the receivers agreed to repay the same out of the estate when realized. Thereafter the receivers opened accounts in Parvati's name and at the end of Samvat 1967 a balance of Rs. 16,671 was due to Parvati by the receivers. That debt was compromised for Rs. 15,000 when the consent decree of 19th November 1912 was passed. The question in the present suit was whether plaintiffs were entitled to attach the amount or whether precedence was to be given to the mortgage of the second defendant firm. At a late stage of the hearing it was discovered that the mortgage was not in the name of Jagmohandas Ranchhoddas. That point was not noticed when the summons was argued in chambers, for, if it had been, it would have been found that the firm had no claim. They had no title under the mortgage till it had been rectified. It was suggested that the court should read into the mortgage the words that the mortgage was to the firm of Jagmohandas Ranchhoddas. That could not be done in the present suit. Even if the mortgage were to the firm of Jagmohandas Ranchhoddas it was very doubtful whether it could be a good mortgage. A firm may be a living person under the Transfer of Property Act. The practice in deeds was, however, to mention the persons who constituted the firm. It was quite clear that at the present moment the title of the second defendant-firm to the mortgage was defective. It was, therefore, not necessary to deal with the other questions of law. It had been contended by the plaintiffs that the assignment was part only of a debt, and was therefore not good. It had been attempted to be shown by the second defendant firm that Rs. 12,000 was a separate debt owed by the receivers to Parvatibai. The state of the accounts showed, however, that that was not correct. Parvati could not have sued the receivers only to recover Rs. 12,000 without forfeiting her right to sue for the balance. The sum of Rs. 12,000 was only one item in a general balance of account. The question whether a creditor could assign only one item in an account could admit only of one answer viz., that it could not. That was based on the principle that a part of the cause of action could not be assigned. His Lordship would also base it on grounds of public policy. If this were not law, a debtor may be harassed by several actions. A debtor may have a defence which he may be entitled to raise against various assignees and this may be allowed in one court and disallowed in another. Cases under the English Judicature Act which supported this view were clear. The mortgage was a mortgage of part of the debt due and the claim under it was, therefore, unsustainable. His Lordship was of the opinion that the second defendant had paid good consideration for the mortgage. He did not think that the transfer could be set aside on ground of want of good faith. The result was that the plaintiffs must succeed, first, on the ground that the second defendant had no title to the moneys attached and had done nothing to obtain title; secondly, even if they were entitled under the deed, the deed itself was invalid as the transfer was of only a part of the debt. There was a reference to the commissioner to ascertain the creditors of Bai Parvati, among whom the sum of Rs. 7,000 would be distributable. The plaintiffs not having succeeded on the grounds on which they relied in the plaint, each party was ordered to bear its own costs.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs: Mehta, Dalpatram and Lalji.

Attorneys for the second defendants: Malvi, Hiralal, Mody and Ranchhoddas.

APPELLATE SIDE.

ADOPTION SET ASIDE.

UNDUE INFLUENCE.

(Before Justices Heaton and Shah.)

BAI KASHI v. MOHANLAL NAGJI.

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. P. J. Talyarkhan, District Judge of Broach, who confirmed the decree of the joint subordinate judge of Broach and dismissed the appeal.

The plaintiff-respondent brought this suit to obtain a declaration that he was the adopted son of the Nagji and for an injunction restraining the defendant from obstructing him in taking possession of Nagji's property. The allegation was that the plaintiff had been adopted to Nagji Vithal by Nagji's widow Bai Suraj. Nagji died when he was five years old and the adoption was made by Bai Suraj wa the 16th June, 1912, when Suraj herself was 16 years old. The plaintiff at that time was 42 years old, and was the maternal uncle of the girl who was adopting him to assume the capacity of her and her husband's son. The validity of the adoption was resisted in the Lower Courts on various grounds. Both the Lower Courts found that the grounds were insufficient and had declared for the adoption. The defendant-appellant brought the present appeal.

Their Lordships allowed the appeal, and dismissed the plaintiff's suit with costs throughout.

Their Lordships observed that the effect of their consideration and of the relation and the inferences which it naturally suggested was to drive them to the conclusion that the shadow of undue influence which rested over the adoption had certainly not been dispelled by any evidence which the plaintiff was able to call in this case. Their Lordships therefore thought that the adoption was one which the High Court ought not to maintain.

Mr. Jaykar with Mr. G. N. Thakore for the appellants, and Mr. Setlur, with Mr. N. K. Mehta, for the respondents.

MEANING OF THE WORD 'VEHICLE.'

(Before Justices Heaton and Shah.)

DAYABHAI NARAYANDAS v. PESTONJI JAMSETJI.

In this case the plaintiff sued the defendant to recover the wheel tax paid by him to the Broach Municipality.

The defendant contended that he was a Municipal contractor and that the trollies were kept by him for such contract purposes, that they were thus exempted from the wheel-tax, and therefore the plaintiff was not entitled to recover any tax from him.

The First Class Subordinate Judge of Broach observed: "It is admitted that the trollies or light waggons used by the defendant were plied by him only on rails laid on the street. I should not be disposed, therefore, to hold that they could at all be properly included within the meaning of the term "Vehicle" as defined in section 3 (17) of the Bombay District Municipal Act. They were undisputedly not such as were used or were capable of being used on the public street without the use of rails, and the spirit of the wheel-tax on 'vehicles' being obviously to meet the wear and tear of the road itself on their part, it necessarily follows that such trollies worked on rails cannot be properly treated as included in that category. I hold therefore that the plaintiff has no right to recover any tax."

Their Lordships reversed the decree of the Lower Court, holding that the trollies of the defendant were included in the term 'vehicle' as defined in the Act and remanded the case for disposal on merits.

Mr. T. R. Desai appeared for the applicant, and Mr. G. N. Thakore for the opponent.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR FRIDAY THE 27TH OF NOVEMBER, 1914.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

S. C. D. Z. 63310102-14—Surajmal & Co. Mukri Magrun Mulla v. Abdulla Hasundin Sergar Mulla & Mulla. Part heard 20-11-14.

397-14—Tyabji D and Co, Gangabai widow v Bai Sonabai and anr, Pochha and Co, Part heard, 16-11-14.

For further directions and costs on Comr's Report.

1346-12—Judah and S, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Damodhardas Rangildas and ors, Matu J and M. F P Pavri.

Long Causes.

897-13—Malvi H M and R, Messrs Gambhirchand Kedarnath a firm v Sonabai widow and anr, Tyabji D and Co.

102-13—Malvi H M and R, Tribhowandas Narotumdas Malvi v Abdulally Hamimji Paghdiwalla and ors, Vachha and Co.

631-14—Smetham B Girdhar Kalidas v. Premji Runchod & anr Madh K & Ch & Co.

545-14—Bick M R & Co Bhagwandas Parashram a firm v. Indermal Icharam & anr Mulla & Mulla.

1026-13—Bick M R & Co Raja Bahadur Shivlal Vithal v. Dharamsey Jetha & Co firm Matubhai J & M.

870-13—Patell & Ez Dattatrya Vinayek K. Dadarkar Gajanan Shrikrishna Dadar D J Mantri Jeh S M & I Moti & D.

639-14—Shroff D & D The Rising Star & Electric Cinematograph Co a firm v. Messrs Parbhudas & Hirachand & Co a firm Khambata & Co.

490-13—Manecklal & Co Kundlick Panduji Banker & ors v. Dhonduji Panduji Banker & ors Sm. B & Co Manecklal & Co.

327-14—Dubash and Co, Maneckbai widow v Keshoji Soonderji, Motichand and D.

1070-13—Nadirsha and D, Narsey Dharamsey v Navivahu widow and anr, Madh K and Ch, Jeh G and B.

209-14—Jeh G and B, Ladkabai widow v Navivahu widow and anr, Madh K and Ch, Nadir and D.

918-14—M. B. Chothia Dwarkadas Mohanji v. M. Allabux & Co. a firm, Payne and Co.

23-05—Manchershaw & N. Laxmibai widow v. Shriram Anandrao Oze and ors. Chet. M & R F P Pavri.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 43.

For Consent Decree.

629-14—Nadirshaw & D. Fatmabai widow and ors. v. Haji Esmail Noor Mahomed Ard H D & Co.

981-13—In person Ahmed L & M Vithoba Gopal Audulkar and ors. v. Sakharam Dnanoba Bague Manecklal & Co.

For further directions and costs on Comr's Report.

702-11—Mirza M & M Wasudeo Moroba Dighey v. Ganpal Atmaram and ors, Payne Co. Judah & S.

For hearing on Exceptions to Comr's Reports.

458-10—Surajmal & Co. Mahomedally Rahimbhai and ors. v. Hassanalli Abdulalli Payne & Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

463-14—Motichand and D, Messrs Rewashanker Jugjiwan a firm v Kalianmal Tilockchand and ors, Bicknell M R and Co, Jamsetji R and D.

324-14—Bicknell M R and Co, Kalianmal Tilockchand v Chaganlal Girdharlal, Jamsetji R and D.

182-14—Edgelow G W and Co, Bhaichand Kallianchand v Abdul Latiff Haji Sumar and ors, Tyabji D and Co, Motichand and D, Daphtary F and D.

348-14—Khunderao L and M, Ramchandra Kondaji Kaduskar v Laxmibai widow and anr, Smetham B and Co.

276-13—Tyabji D and Co, Venilal Vijbhukandas a firm v Vithaldas Jaikissondas and Co a firm, Madhavjee K and C.

354-14—Jehangir S M and H, Hemaji Vajechand a firm v Bhana Rupaji and anr, Jamsetji R and D.

627-14—Ardeshir H D and Co, Champsey Gulella and anr v Dwarkadas Laloobhoy and anr, Sunderdas and Co.

363-13—Daphtary F and D, Vithaldas Kalianji Kapadia v Kaliandas Gopaldas and anr, Motichand and D, Manecklal and Co.

250-14—The B B and C I Ry Co v Samalbhai Nathoobhai a firm and ors, Bhaishanker K and G, Captain and V, Between the Defts.

599-13—Unwalla P and P, Govind Budhaji v Laxman Sakroji, Shroff D and D.

678-14—Judah and S, Mahader Babaji Rane and ors v Vasudeo Nilkant Apte and anr, Subnis and G, Mulji and Th.

O. S. 939-14—Craigie B & C Rustomji Byramji Jeejibhoy and ors. v. Rustomji Byramji Jeejibhoy and ors. Payne and Co. Craigie B & C.

748-14—Purnanand & Co. Mithibai widow and anr v. Nursi Virji Mehta Vachha & Co.

87-14—Edgelow G W & Co. Yamnabai widow v. Mangesh Balkrishna Rao and anr Bicknell M R & Co.

616-14—Jehangir M and S. Yesha alias Ganpat Dharmaji v. Jamnabai widow and ors. Unwalla P & P, D J Mantri.

637-14—Dastur and Co. Jamnabai widow v. Arjun Khimji and anr Tyabjee D & Co.

554-14—Amin and D Allimahomed Jaffer v. Abdulla Jaffer Edgelow G W & Co.

O. S. 1106-14—Daphtary F & D Vasonji Damodar Bengali v. Dwarkadas Shamji and ors. Kanga and S, Madhowji K & Ch. Bhaishankar K & G, Payne & Co., Crawford B & Co., Chitnis M and K. Partly heard on 21-11-14.

566-14—In person Fakir Mahomed Peer Mahomed v. Abdul Kadur Haji Esmail Gulmahomed and ors. Matu J & M. Jam R & D.

VOLUNTEER DUTY AT THANA BRIDGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In connection with the above, Volunteer W. T. L., is certainly very premature in his anxiety to obtain information, even to the extent of being extremely indiscreet.

First and foremost, medals are only awarded when victory has been attained, and one clasp given for each engagement. It is however very evident that this gentleman is like a good many other volunteers one frequently comes across., who will not attend regular drills or turn out for any exceptional duties without being assured of obtaining some tangible or monetary return.

Volunteer W. T. L. has forgotten that one of the conditions of employment on all Railways in India., is that the applicant must be prepared to join the volunteers before his services are engaged, and for doing these ordinary duties he is being paid by the Company; I should therefore advise him to wait patiently and not make himself ridiculous by asking such absurd questions.—Yours, etc.,

SERGEANT PATRIOT.

STERLING BILLS ON LONDON.

A notice was issued on Thursday simultaneously at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras to the effect that the Government of India are prepared to issue bills of exchange or telegraphic transfers on the Secretary of State for India in London for sale on Thursday, the 3rd December, 1914, up to an aggregate amount of £1,000,000, subject to the condition that the amounts of bills or telegraphic transfers issued will be in multiples of £1,000 and that no single bill or telegraphic transfers will be issued for less than £10,000. The rate for bills will be 1s. 3 29/32d. the rupee and that for telegraphic transfers. 1s. 3 27/32d. the rupee. Applications for bills or telegraphic transfers should be addressed to the Controller of Currency, Calcutta, and should reach him as regards Calcutta tenderers not later than 12 noon, Standard time, on Thursday, the 3rd December 1914, and as regards Bombay and Madras tenderers not later than 1-30 p.m., Standard time, on the same day.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The following casualties are announced:

KILLED.

Lieut. MacL. P. Dilworth; Sherwood Foresters.
Lieut. G. Abbott; Connaught Rangers.
Lieut. C. Crymble; Royal Irish.
Lieut. A. Schuster; Fourth Hussars.
Second Lieut. Wateridge; Leicesters.

WOUNDED.

Capt. E. G. Bourke, Rifle Corps.
Capt. C. Coppinger; Medicals.
Capt. L. Fitzgerald; Irish Fusiliers.
Major E. Gale; 10th Gurkhas.
Second-Lieut. E. M. Graham; South Wales Borderers.
Lieut. H. E. Haskett-Smith and Second-Lieut. Carpendale, Worcesters.
Lieut. P. Huth, Shropshires.
Capt. Hon. H. Baring, 10th Hussars.
Capt. A. Willis; Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut. Wall, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. Bowen, Lancs Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. Draper, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut. Marshall, Northants.
Second-Lieut. Spillsbury; Devonshires....
Second-Lieut. Standen, Hampshires.

MISSING.

Lieut. Wand-Tetley, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut. Chrystie, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. Condon, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut. Moore, Royal Irish.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Capt. J. R. Thronycroft, West Surreys.

WOUNDED AND PRISONER.

Capt. J. A. Smithwick, Royal Irish.

PRISONER.

Second-Lieut. Downing, Royal Irish.

UNOFFICIALLY REPORTED KILLED.

Lieut. P. Doll. Liverpools.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The following casualties are announced:—

WOUNDED.

Lieut. A. C. D. Graham, 9th Lancers.
Captain J. P. Grant, Seaforths.
Captain G. Porter, 9th Lancers.
Lieut. A. R. Rainey, Artillery.
Captain H. C. Whipple, Devons.
Lieut. Whittuck, Somerset Light Infantry.
Lieut.-Colonel G. H. Sanders, Artillery.
Captain Watson, Artillery.
Lieut. B. Marden, 9th Lancers.
Second-Lieut. R. Paterson, Flying Corps.

The Maharaja of Balrampur has promised a donation of Rs. 5,000, a month during the period the war lasts, towards the Relief Fund.

Mr. L. C. D. Bean, I. S. O., Traffic Manager, North-Western Railway is permitted to retire from the service of the Government from 11th December, 1914.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

BOMBAY EDITOR'S COMPLAINT.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Thursday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. H. A. H. Payne, solicitor, appearing with Mr. V. F. Vicaji, presented an information on behalf of Mr. P. J. Marzban, Editor of the "Jam-e-Jamshed," charging Mr. Hormusji Jehangir Bhabha, President of the Iranian Association, with defamation.

The complainant in his information said:—

The third annual general meeting of the Iranian Association was held on the 15th April 1914 when the accused was in the chair. The accused made a speech before the meeting at which, among other things, he made various defamatory allegations and inuendoes against my paper the "Jam-e-Jamshed" and against the writers therein referring to my paper as "a not very sober Parsi Journal" and that the performance of the "Navjote" had raised in it (amongst other journals) a storm of agitation, abuse and misrepresentation which reflected no credit on the good sense, honesty, or sense of duty of the writers "or on the judgment and balance of mind of a large body of readers" on whose "credulity and excitable temperament the writers appeared to be trading." I say that the accused by his making the speech, and by allowing the publication thereof in the "Journal of the Iranian Association" has defamed and lowered my moral, intellectual and professional character in the estimation of others and has considerably harmed my reputation in respect of my calling.

The Magistrate ordered a notice to be issued.

CHARGE AGAINST A JOURNAL.

Mr. Payne next presented an information on behalf of Mr. Marzban charging Mr. Pestonji Ardeshar Wadia, one of the Secretaries of the Iranian Association and Editor and Publisher of the "Journal of the Iranian Association" with defamation.

The complainant alleged that in the "Journal of the Iranian Association" appered a report of the proceedings of the third annual general meeting of the Iranian Association held on the 15th of April 1914 which was followed by a speech purporting to have been made by Mr. Hormusji Jehangir Bhabha before the meeting. The complainant further alleged: In the issue of the Journal for November 1914 the accused while criticising a meeting of Parsis, which had been held for the purposes of recognizing the services rendered by the Jam-e-Jamshed" and "Sanj Vartaman" in connection with the Juddin question, had published a paragraph in which it is stated certain newspapers have played "an honourable part" in increasing the thoughtless shallowness and effeminacy apparent in one section of the community, and that such papers (among others) have contributed largely to vulgarizing the community."

The Magistrate said the complaint appeared to be in respect of the same speech.

Mr. Payne, replying in the affirmative, said the speech was published in the journal in its issue of November after proceedings had been instituted against the complainant in another case. It was desirable that the publication of such things should be stopped.

The Magistrate enquired of the complainant if he complained of the remark that his paper was "a not very sober Parsi journal."

The complainant said he did, adding that the writer there was criticising his opponents in respect of the Rangoon "Navjote" question.

Mr. Payne said the phrase "an honourable part" had been used sarcastically.

The Magistrate: The accused is prosecuting you in respect of your articles referred to here?

Mr. Marzban replied that was so, and in reply to a further question said, this was another cross-case.

The Magistrate ordered a notice to be issued and made both the notices returnable after the cross-case had been decided.

Mr. Payne said the case might go on for months and in the meantime the accused might continue to defame the complainant.

The Magistrate said that was another matter, and the complainant might prosecute the accused if he defamed him.

Mr. Payne said the reason for presenting the present application was that the article complained of was published after the other case had been instituted.

The Magistrate said the determination of that case first would in his opinion help him in deciding this matter when it came on. He would have the advantage of considering all the different articles and the whole thing would be fresh in his mind.

Mr. Payne suggested that in that case summons might be issued in these two cases also in order that they might have all the facts before them at one and the same time.

The Magistrate said he did not propose to grant summonses.

DISHONEST RAMOSI.

At the Mazagon Police Court, on Thursday, before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate Inspector Shaw charged Lalbahadur Lajpatsing, a Police ramosi, with theft as a servant.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused, who was doing duty at the Students' Hostel in the compound of the Sir J. J. Hospital, was on Monday morning last, seen going along Falkland Road, with a trunk. Ramji Sabaram, P.C. 1941 D., stopped him on suspicion and took him to the chowkie. Enquiries showed that the accused had stolen the trunk, containing wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 71, belonging to a medical student named Thakumal Teckchand, from the hostel.

The Magistrate said the accused was guilty of a very serious offence, as he had stolen property, which he was deputed to look after. Had it not been for the vigilance of P. C. 1941 D., the theft would not have been detected as suspicion would not have fallen on him. The Police Constable deserved great credit. The accused was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

RASH MOTOR DRIVING.

At the Mazagon Police Court, on Thursday, the Fourth Presidency Magistrate disposed of the case, in which Inspector Stenson charged Kalia Soma, a motor driver in the service of H. H. the Maharaja of Bansda, with driving his motor car in a manner so rash and negligent as to indicate a disregard for the safety of the public. Mr. N. N. Saher, barrister, defended the accused.

The charge against the accused was that whilst going along Bellasis Road he swerved suddenly to the right. A Hindu named Rama, was knocked down and killed. The accused was convicted and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 600, in default to two months' rigorous imprisonment. Out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 500 were ordered to be paid to the deceased's widow as compensation.

PROSCRIBED PAMPHLET.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Khan Saheb Kavasji Petigara of the Criminal Investigation Department, charged a Telugu Brahmin, named B. Sunder Ramaya, residing at Cavel, with distributing seditious leaflets called "Liberty: The Divine Heritage of Man," which have been proscribed by the Government.

The accused pleaded guilty.

The Magistrate said the accused, who knew English very well, must have known what the contents of the leaflets were. He ordered him to be bound over in a sum of Rs. 200, with one surety, to be of good behaviour for one year.

MILKMEN'S REPREHENSIBLE PRACTICE.

At the Mazagon Police Court, before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Wagh, License Superintendent of the Bombay Municipality, charged Mahashunker Jethiram and two other milkmen with selling milk in open cans.

The accused had kept their open cans containing milk on the roads full of dust, and dust passed into the cans.

The Magistrate fied the accused Rs. 1 each and warned them against a repetition of the offence or they would be severely punished.

CALCUTTA BOMB OUTRAGE.

ANOTHER VERSION.

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

A later report states that Basant Kumar Chatterjee, Deputy Superintendent, C.I.D., was sitting in the room, a head constable and two policemen being outside the door.

Basanta had just gone into the inner room when the explosion took place, followed by another the room being wrecked. The Head Constable was found dead in the street outside the house. Basanta, who had a narrow escape in the Dacca outrage four months ago, was uninjured. An unknown Bengali was found in a lane some little distance away seriously injured.

LATER.

Of the police officers who were killed and wounded at last evening's bomb outrage in Calcutta, Head Constable Rambhajan Singh who was killed was one of the men who were rewarded Rs. 650 in connection with the murder of Inspector Nripendra Nath Ghose in Calcutta in January last. Another police officer who was seriously injured yesterday is Monodutt Panday who took a prominent part in arresting Nirmal Chunder Roy in connection with the murder of Inspector Ghose and who was subsequently discharged.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

LATER.

To-day, Mr. F. K. Dobbin, the Coroner, held an inquest in connection with the death of Head Constable Rambhajan Singh, the victim of last night's bomb outrage.

In the report of the police read out by the Coroner it was stated that as soon as the first bomb had been thrown at the outer room of Deputy Superintendent Chatterjee, the deceased started with his revolver in pursuit, and fired a shot at some persons who were hovering about. Hardly had he done so when he was shot at, and immediately after a second bomb was thrown, which exploded and killed him on the spot, making gaping wounds, in which were found seven pieces of iron wire and small metal pieces. Altogether there were seven wounds on his person, at the back and the sides, one at the waist having proved fatal.

The Coroner and the jury viewed the body at the Morgue and ordered it to be cremated. Further enquiry will be held on the 2nd proximo.

EXAMPLE AND PRECEPT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—With reference to Dr. Sukhia's suggestion at yesterday's meeting of the Standing Committee that the salaries of the municipal officers, getting more than Rs. 100/-, should be temporarily reduced by ten or fifteen per cent. on such a unique occasion as the present, may I, through the medium of your esteemed paper, inquire whether Dr. Sukhia himself foregoes for the present the fees—Rs. 30/- —he gets for atending every meeting of the Standing Committee? If not Dr. Sukhia had better set an example before advising others in the matter.—Yours etc.,

JUSTICE.

The total plague mortality during the week ending the 21st November stood at 2,097 against 2,892 cases. The Bombay Presidency had 538 deaths, Madras 169, Behar and Orissa 42, the United Provinces 238, the Punjab 725, Burma 16, the Central Provinces 38, Coorg 2, Mysore State 173, Hyderabad 17, Central India 71, and Kashmir 18.

ANOTHER BOMBAY WAR HOSPITAL.

FOR SERVICE AT THE BASE.

STAFF AND MONETARY ASSISTANCE REQUIRED.

The Committee of the Bombay Presidency Branch of the Imperial Indian War Relief Fund have offered to the military authorities, through his Excellency the Viceroy, to provide a 500-bed hospital for Indian troops engaged in the war. This offer has been accepted, and measures are now in progress for the organization of this hospital, which, under the title of "The Bombay Presidency Hospital" will be entirely equipped, staffed and maintained from the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, and will be located, probably at some convenient base in Egypt, but at any place that the military authorities may, with a view to the requirements of the British Indian Forces operating in the field, determine to be most desirable.

It is hoped that the services of a certain number of commissioned officers of the Royal Army Medical Corps and Indian Medical Service will be available but, as this number must necessarily be exceedingly limited there will be wide scope and urgent necessity for the services of volunteers, not only on the superior staff but also in all departments of the personnel of the hospital. Before any announcement of a definite scheme could be made, his excellency the Governor had already received most gratifying offers of assistance from a large body of qualified medical men and others. It will not be possible to accept a considerable number of these and such other similar offers as may be received in response to the present appeal.

STAFF REQUIRED.

The requirements of the hospital as regards personnel are as follows:—

Medical Staff.—Twelve commissioned medical officers, of whom three, it is anticipated, will be placed at the disposal of the Hospital Administration by the Government of India leaving nine posts open for volunteers.

Nursing Staff.—Fifteen fully trained nurses.

Sub-Assistant Surgeons.—Twelve sub-assistant surgeons.

Hospital Establishments.—30 ward orderlies, 2 head cooks (1 Hindoo, 1 Mussalman), 10 cooks (5 Hindoos, 5 Mussulmans), 12 water carriers, 1 Muccudum of sweepers, 19 ward sweepers, 1 head washerman, 9 washermen, 2 carpenters, 2 tailors, 1 head writer, 3 writers, 20 army bearer corps bearers, 3 hospital storekeepers, 5 assistant hospital storekeepers, 10 conservancy sweepers, and 10 conservancy cart drivers.

All these who are willing to tender their services in any of the abovementioned capacities are now invited to send their names, with a statement of their qualifications, previous experience and all other necessary personal particulars, to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, Poona.

It is hoped that qualified medical men who are appointed to the medical staff will be granted local rank and allowances as commissioned officers of the Indian Medical Service. Full details of the conditions of service and emoluments of these and all other ranks and grades of the hospital staff may be obtained on application to the Surgeon-General.

BOMBAY TO BEAR ALL EXPENDITURE.

The expenditure incurred on the hospital will be entirely defrayed from the Bombay Presidency Branch of the Imperial Indian Relief Fund, in collaboration with the Women's Branch, and its general administration will be under the control of a special sub-comittee appointed by the Administrative Committee of the Fund. It is understood that the Bombay Presidency Centre of the St. John's Ambulance Association will also co-operate in the undertaking.

In view of the splendid response that the public have made to the appeal for pecuniary support and in view, more particularly, of the importance and responsibility of the task which has thus been undertaken as the principal joint contribution of the people of this Presidency to the obligations laid upon all citizens of the Empire by the war, his Excellency the President and the Members of the Committee of the Fund confidently appeal to the public spirit of all who are in a position to tender their personal services for the execution of this great and beneficent enterprise.

THE HOSPITAL SHIP LOYALTY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Having read in your valuable paper that the hospital ship "Loyalty will be soon ready and sail from Bombay by the end of this month to do its huminitarian work, I beg to suggest to the authorities concerned, through the medium of your journal, that a day be fixed when the public may have an opportunity to inspect it, similar to the one they had to inspect the Lady Hardinge War Hospital.—Yours, etc.,

THAKORDAS T. PAREKH.

35, Walkeswar Road, Malabar Hill, Nov. 26.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE IN CAMP.

AN UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT.

An unfortunate accident occurred yesterday morning at Santa Cruz in connection with the training camp now being held by the Bombay Light Horse. At the close of a reconnaissance Lieut. R. A. Spence and Sergt. H. F. Lodge, when galloping towards the Jackal Club, collided. Both were thrown and Lieut. Spence sustained a fracture of the leg and Sergt. Lodge a broken collar bone. Major Novis, I.M.S., most generously responded to a request for assistance and motored to Santa Cruz where he set the broken bones. Lieut. Spence and Sergt. Lodge were brought to St. George's Hospital in the evening. The greatest regret is felt at the accident to these most thusiastic and efficient Light Horsemen.

REGENT REMINGTON RECORDS.

The largest Typewriter order ever placed in India was for

REMINGTONS

A few Record Typewriter Sales for India:
THE MAHARAJA OF PATIALA—Order for Forty Gurmukhi Remingtons.
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There are more REMINGTONS in use in India to-d y than of all other makes put together.
THE BEST TYPEWRITER backed up by the BEST SERVICE.
Whatever your typewriter requirements are we can meet you.
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Responsible Representatives and Travelling Expert Mechanics visit eve District Centre in the Presidency.

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Soft Shirts — — „ „ 2-8 | Cold Neglige Shirts — „ „ 4
Helmet's — Rs. 15-12 & 19 each
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We have now a Complete stock of Travellers' Requisites.
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

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Spotted Dogs	per box of	50	Rs.	3 0
Criterion	„	50	„	3 4
Golf	„	100	„	7 8
La Marca	„	50	„	4 0
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La Sirena	„	50	„	6 12
Nuevo Victoria	„	50	„	7 8
Grand Prix	„	50	„	9 0
— PICCADILLY CLUB BRAND. —				
Panatellas	er box of	50	Rs.	5 10
Alhambras	„	50	„	6 4
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— MANILLA CIGARS. —				
Cortado Deliciosus	per box of	50	Rs.	4 8
Londress	„	100	„	7 12
High Life in the East	„	50	„	5 0

D. MACROPOLO & Co.,
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Latest Creation of V. Rigaud Paris, Perfumer to the Courts of Spain, Russia, Holland, etc.

LOVE IN A DREAM

Perfume, a most unique and delicate perfume from Flowers of France; highly concentrated. One drop of this sweet scent represents the ragrance of a basket of fresh flowers. Adopted by fashionable and aristocratic ladies.

Lavender Water—With musk. Made of best Alps lavender and genuine Tonkin. Always the best. See white label and sprinkler and the guarantee of the

WHOLESALE AGENTS:—
V. C. DASTUR & Co.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

INDIAN MOUNTAIN BATTERY.

"Topical" War Service.
An Indian in undress uniform cleaning his mule's harness.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(Thursday November 26.)

The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department:—
Mr. H. M. Kirkwood, Assistant Collector of Excise. Mr. E. P. White, Assistant Superintendent of Police. Mr. P. M. Stewart, Assistant Superintendent of Police. Mr. F. W. Gerrard, Assistant Superintendent of Police, and Mr. W. A. Dubois, retired District Superintendent of Police.

With effect from 16th September 1914 vice Mr. J. A. Saldanha, appointed Additional Assistant Judge, Mr. R. K. Bal to be substantive pro tem. Second Class, First Grade, Subordinate Judge on Rs. 400.

With effect from 2nd October 1914 vice Mr. G. L. Chandorkar, retired, Mr. P. M. Bhat to be Second Class, First Grade, Subordinate Judge on Rs. 400 and to take rank next above Mr. D. D. Cooper.

Mr. R. T. Kirtane, LL.B., to act as Deputy Registrar and Sealer, High Court, Appellate Side, in addition to his duties as Secretary to the Rule Committee.

Mr. V. J. Bhat to act as Assistant Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, and Superintendent of the High Court Press.

Mr. F. W. O'Gorman to be Assistant Superintendent of Police at Belgaum.

Rao Saheb Gangadhar Keshav Deshpande to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, East Khandesh, vice Mr. Abdul Rashid Khan proceeding on deputation.

Vice Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, I.C.S., on special duty, with effect from 28th March 1914, Mr. A. E. L. Emanuel, I.C.S., to be substantive pro tem. Junior Collector. With effect from 27th October 1914, the Hon. Mr. G. W. Hatch, I.C.S., to be substantive pro tem Senior Collector.

Mr. C. A. Beyts, I.C.S., to be substantive pro tem. Junior Collector.

Vice Mr. W. A. Wallinger, retired, Mr. Bhagvandas Harkisandas Dalal to be Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests and to continue second until the date of his reversion of British Service.

Mr. Chunilal Gulabchand Dalia to be Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests vice Mr. B. H. Dalal.

Mr. D. MacLachlan, I.C.S., passed an examination in Sindhi according to the Higher Standard on 24th October 1914.

Government Notification granting leave to Mr. W. W. Smart, I.C.S., Special Officer in charge of the survey of lands for sugarcane cultivation, is cancelled.

In Government Notification regarding the appointment of Major J. H. Horton, D.S.O. M.B., I.M.S., as Acting Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, for the words "14th September 1914" read "17th August 1914."

The following gentlemen have been appointed as temporary Civil Assistant Surgeons:—
Mr. Pranjivan Maneckchand Mehta, L.M.&S.
Mr. Abdul Husen Jivaji Kapasi, L.M. & S.
Mr. Parsram Bulchand Shivdasani, M.B., B.S.
Mr. Dadabhoy Dinshaw Variva, M.B., B.S.
Mr. V. Viswanathiah, L. M. & S.
Mr. Ratilal Mohanlal Fozdar, L.M. & S.
Mr. T. L. Malkani, M.B., B.S.
Mr. Jagannath Vishnu Shrigaonkar, L.M. & S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H, and D.T.M. & H.
Mr. Y. Viswanathian, L. M. & S.

Government are pleased to promote Mr. C. F. Simon, Assistant Engineer, to the permanent rank of Executive Engineer, with effect from the 1st March 1914. He will rank immediately below Mr. M. A. Mirza, Executive Engineer, on the Seniority List.

Mr. W. L. Stevenson to be Electrical Inspector in Sind with effect from the 22nd September 1914.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—William Numan, M.D., to be Medical Officer, with the rank of Surgeon-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 8th August 1914.

1st Battalion, G. I. P. R. Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Second Lieutenant Ralph Sephton resigns his commission. Dated 1st Oct. 1914.

Second Lieutenant John Buchanan Barclay resigns his commission. Dated 1st Oct. 1914.

Sydney Howard Phipps Lincke to be Second Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st Oct. 1914.

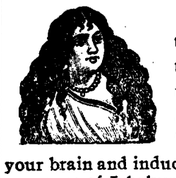
Cuthbert William Anderson to be Second Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st Oct. 1914.

H. E. the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain (Honorary Major), Robert Francis Richards Cooke, Second Battalion, G.I.P.R. Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.—Second Lieut. Robert Charles Hillman Padneld is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from 26th Oct. 1913.

G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Second Lieut. John Howard Carpenter is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from 9th Nov. 1914.

JABAKUSUM TAILA.



The grilling heat, the sleepless night, the head-ache are unbearable. Use JABAKUSUM TAILA. It will cool your brain and induce sound sleep. The ragrance of Jabakusum Taila is soothing and refreshing.

Phial Re. 1, V.P.P. Rs. 1-5,
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C. K. SEN & Co., Limited,
29, COLUTOLA STREET, CALCUTTA
Consulting Physician:—
KAVIRAJ UPENDRA NATH SEN.

MYSTERY OF A STAFF OFFICER'S LETTER.

JUDGE AND WAR OFFICE.

Some pointed comments were made by Mr. Justice Darling at Liverpool Assizes in dealing with a case under the Official Secrets Act and a further case of espionage.

The former case was that Harold Dutton, aged twenty, a barman, who, pleading guilty to unlawfully retaining military documents, was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

Mr. Justice Darling said that for a short time prisoner had been in a very distinguished regiment, and among his duties as a clerk was that of copying documents. There came into his possession a document consisting of notes of a letter by a staff officer concerning precautions to be taken for the defence of this country.

The matter contained in the document was very important indeed, and the judge said he hoped the War Office would inquire into the whole circumstances of the affair and see who was to blame for a man like the prisoner getting possession of a document of such a confidential character.

His lordship asked the prosecution to bring the matter to the notice of the Army authorities, as he thought the whole system of dealing with these documents was utterly wrong and unsafe.

CASE OF A BOY SPY.

In the second case Arthur Blackburn, aged eighteen, who pleaded guilty to three indictments charging him with communicating to another person information useful to an enemy, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment at a Borstal institution.

Passing sentence, his lordship said the truth was that the prisoner was a spy. He was only eighteen years of age, and had been assisting his parents in a lodging-house which was frequented by foreigners. He had been furnished by some of these people with literature of a treasonable character, the publications of anarchist societies.

How he got the inspiration to write to the German Embassy in London (a fact stated during the trial) his lordship did not know. Prisoner offered to furnish information about the defence of the Mersey and how to destroy the people of Liverpool and their property. He received a letter from "Leo Sirius," of Berlin, who, of course, was a master spy.

If the prisoner could have found out anything that would have blown Liverpool into the clouds he would have done it.

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

During the week ending 24th November there was slight but beneficial rain in Sind, Kolhapur and some districts of the Deccan. Standing crops were in good condition except for slight damage by rats in two States of Rewa Kantha, by insufficient rain in two talukas of Poona and by locusts in Cutch State. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Picking of cotton is in progress in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Nawabshah Ahmedabad- Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Nasik and Kathiawar. Rabi sowing generally continues. The supply of fodder was adequate except in the area affected by floods and the hilly tracts of Karachi, three talukas in Thar and Parkar, two talukas and one petha of Poona and one taluka of Sholapur. Agricultural stock was in good condition but was deficient in numbers in Ahmednagar and Poona. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation was generally adequate. Prices of food-grains have fallen in Sind, Deccan and the Karnatak, risen in Gujarat and were generally steady elsewhere.

PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

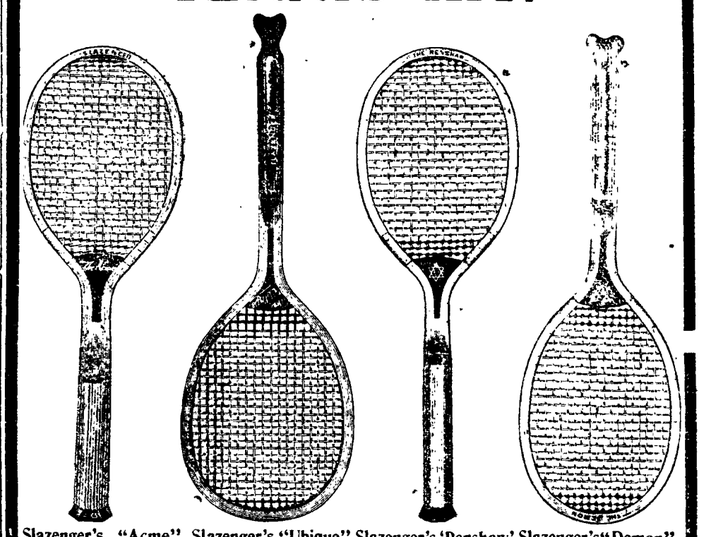
During the week ending 21st November the number of plague deaths reported to have occurred in Districts and Native States in the Bombay Presidency was as follows:—
Bombay City 4, Ahmedabad District 9, Kaira District 4, Surat District 3, Thana District 6, Nasik District 119, Poona Town 30, Other places in Poona District 63, Satara District 45, Kolaba District 2, Belgaum District 28, Dharwar District 62, Bijapur District 11, Hyderabad District, 17 (for week ending 14th Nov.), Kathiawar Agency 21, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States 116, Cutch State 14 (for two weeks). Total 554.

Zymole Trokeys clear the throat and revive the voice—important facts for all who talk or sing. Their widespread popularity shows their value.
180—B15

SPECIAL SHOW OF
SPORTS GOODS.

Our New Season stock of all Sports requisites is just to hand and a special display is now being made in our Arcade.
EVERY ARTICLE IS PERFECTLY FRESH NEW STOCK.
Prices are Extremely Moderate.

TENNIS KIT.



Slazenger's "Acme"	Slazenger's "Ubique"	Slazenger's 'Renshaw'	Slazenger's "Demon"
A great favourite specially strong racquet for man's use.	A low priced article yet perfectly made and quite reliable, fish tail handle.	The most popular racquet in India used by many of the leading clubs.	A well known favourite strung with finest gut dependable in every way.
OUR PRICE Rs. 10-14.	OUR PRICE Rs. 7-8.	OUR PRICE Rs. 8-12.	OUR PRICE Rs. 12-8.

TENNIS NETS. The universal net patent laid hemp cord, band and steel line 36x3½ Rs. 10-8 each

TENNIS BAT CASE. Drab Canvas case leather bound leather handle. Rs. 2-4

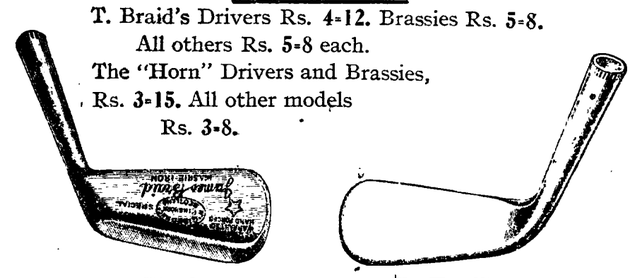
TENNIS BALLS. "Ayres' Championship" just received. Rs. 12 per Dozen.

TENNIS POSTS. 'University' Posts high class with nickel plated ratchet, complete with T pins and mallet. Rs. 32-8.

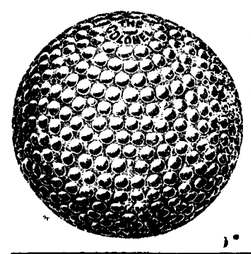
TENNIS BAT PRESS. Reliable hardwood press for single racquet. Rs. 1-8 each.

NEW GOLF SUPPLIES.

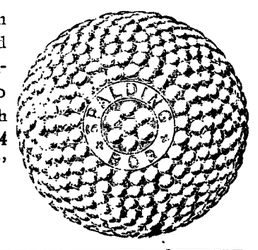
We stock a fine selection of dependable clubs. New stock just to hand.
R. Forgan's well-known clubs, irons and Drivers, Rs. 5-8 each
Gold Medal Drivers, Rs. 7-8.
T. Braid's Drivers Rs. 4-12. Brassies Rs. 5-8.
All others Rs. 5-8 each.
The "Horn" Drivers and Brassies, Rs. 3-15. All other models Rs. 3-8.



GOLF BALLS.



Well known balls that need no recommendation. Chemico bob Ans. 12 each "Club" Re. 1-4 Patent "Colonel" Rs. 2-4 each Zenith "Orb" Rs. 2-8 each



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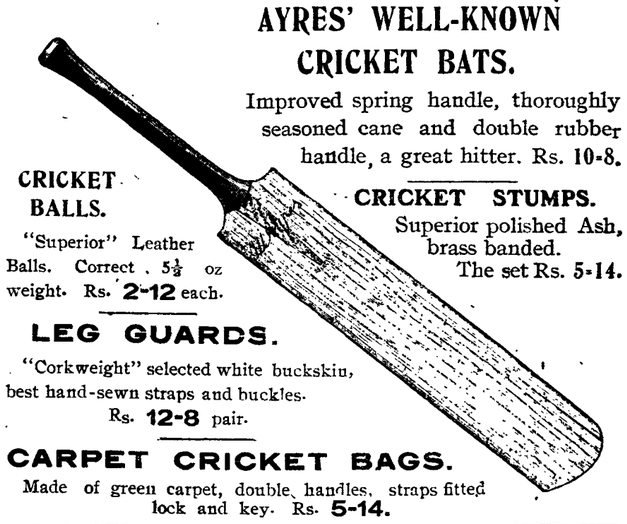
AYRES' WELL-KNOWN CRICKET BATS.
Improved spring handle, thoroughly seasoned cane and double rubber handle, a great hitter. Rs. 10-8.



CRICKET BALLS. "Superior" Leather Balls. Correct 5½ oz weight. Rs. 2-12 each.

CRICKET STUMPS. Superior polished Ash, brass banded. The set Rs. 5-14.

LEG GUARDS. "Corkweight" selected white buckskin, best hand-sewn straps and buckles. Rs. 12-8 pair.

CARPET CRICKET BAGS. Made of green carpet, double handles, straps fitted lock and key. Rs. 5-14.

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GENT'S OUTFITTERS,

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We believe you will at once recognise the advantages to be gained by purchasing your new suit early, FIRSTLY you obtain premier choice of your specially selected stock of New Fabrics, which represent absolutely the pick of the new patterns and weavings produced this year. SECONDLY our hands are more or less marking time at the commencement of he season, and if you place your order now, you will obtain even more than the usual amount of careful and personal attention we give to the making of every garment. THIRDLY you have the additional satisfaction of knowing you look smart and fashionably dressed all the season.

The B. Reefer Suit.
In Indigo Blue Serge.
To measure
from Rs. **25.**

TROUSERS
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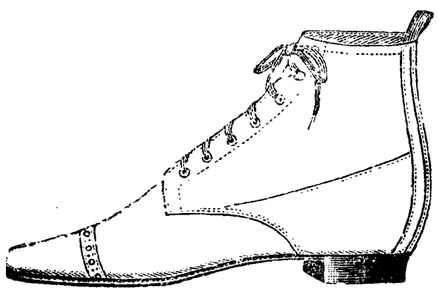

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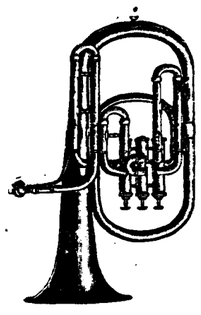

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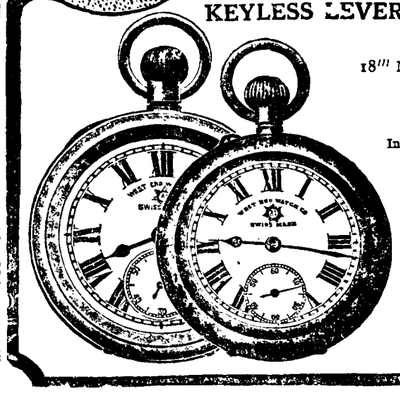

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Printed and published by A. P. BREWIN, for THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER COMPANY, at the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" Press, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.